Chemistry The Central Science 15th edition Brown Test Bank

SKU: 9780137543021-TEST-BANK

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***Chemistry: The Central Science, 14e* (Brown, et al.)**
Chapter 2 Atoms, Molecules, and Ions

2.1 Multiple-Choice Questions

1) A molecule of water contains hydrogen and oxygen in a 1:8 ratio by mass. This is a statement of _____.
A) the law of multiple proportions
B) the law of constant composition
C) the law of conservation of mass
D) the law of conservation of energy
E) none of the above
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.1
LO: 2.1
GO: G2

2) Which one of the following is not one of the postulates of Dalton's atomic theory?
A) Atoms are composed of protons, neutrons, and electrons.
B) All atoms of a given element are identical; the atoms of different elements are different and have different properties.
C) Atoms of an element are not changed into different types of atoms by chemical reactions: atoms are neither created nor destroyed in chemical reactions.
D) Compounds are formed when atoms of more than one element combine; a given compound always has the same relative number and kind of atoms.
E) Each element is composed of extremely small particles called atoms.
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.1
LO: 2.1
GO: G2

3) Consider the following selected postulates of Dalton's atomic theory:
(i) Each element is composed of extremely small particles called atoms.
(ii) Atoms are indivisible.
(iii) Atoms of a given element are identical.
(iv) Atoms of different elements are different and have different properties.

Which of the postulates is(are) no longer considered valid?
A) (i) and (ii)
B) (ii) only
C) (ii) and (iii)
D) (iii) only
E) (iii) and (iv)
Answer: C
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LO: 2.1
GO: G2

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4) Which pair of substances could be used to illustrate the law of multiple proportions?
A) SO_2, H_2SO_4
B) CO, CO_2
C) H_2O, O_2
D) CH_4, $C_6H_{12}O_6$
E) NaCl, KCl
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.1
LO: 2.1
GO: G2

5) Which statement below correctly describes the responses of alpha, beta, and gamma radiation to an electric field?
A) Both beta and gamma are deflected in the same direction, while alpha shows no response.
B) Both alpha and gamma are deflected in the same direction, while beta shows no response.
C) Both alpha and beta are deflected in the same direction, while gamma shows no response.
D) Alpha and beta are deflected in opposite directions, while gamma shows no response.
E) Only alpha is deflected, while beta and gamma show no response.
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

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6) Which one of the following is not true concerning cathode rays?
A) They originate from the negative electrode.
B) They travel in straight lines in the absence of electric or magnetic fields.
C) They impart a negative charge to metals exposed to them.
D) They are made up of electrons.
E) The characteristics of cathode rays depend on the material from which they are emitted.
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

7) The charge on an electron was determined in the _____.
A) cathode ray tube, by J. J. Thomson
B) Rutherford gold foil experiment
C) Millikan oil drop experiment
D) Dalton atomic theory
E) atomic theory of matter
Answer: C
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LO: 2.2
GO: G2

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8) _____-rays consist of fast-moving electrons.
A) Alpha
B) Beta
C) Gamma
D) X
E) none of the above
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

9) The gold foil experiment performed in Rutherford's lab _____.
A) confirmed the plum-pudding model of the atom
B) led to the discovery of the atomic nucleus
C) was the basis for Thomson's model of the atom
D) utilized the deflection of beta particles by gold foil
E) proved the law of multiple proportions
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

10) In the Rutherford nuclear-atom model, _____.
A) the heavy subatomic particles, protons and neutrons, reside in the nucleus
B) the three principal subatomic particles (protons, neutrons, and electrons) all have essentially the same mass
C) the light subatomic particles, protons and neutrons, reside in the nucleus
D) mass is spread essentially uniformly throughout the atom
E) the three principal subatomic particles (protons, neutrons, and electrons) all have essentially the same mass and mass is spread essentially uniformly throughout the atom
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

11) Cathode rays are _____.
A) neutrons
B) X-rays
C) electrons
D) protons
E) atoms
Answer: C
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GO: G2

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12) Cathode rays are deflected away from a negatively charged plate because _____.
A) they are not particles
B) they are positively charged particles
C) they are neutral particles
D) they are negatively charged particles
E) they are emitted by all matter
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

13) In the absence of magnetic or electric fields, cathode rays _____.
A) do not exist
B) travel in straight lines
C) cannot be detected
D) become positively charged
E) bend toward a light source
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

14) Of the three types of radioactivity characterized by Rutherford, which is/are electrically charged?
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A) β-rays
B) α-rays and β-rays
C) α-rays, β-rays, and γ-rays
D) α-rays
E) α-rays and γ-rays
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

15) Of the three types of radioactivity characterized by Rutherford, which is/are not electrically charged?
A) α-rays
B) α-rays, β-rays, and γ-rays
C) γ-rays
D) α-rays and β-rays
E) α-rays and γ-rays
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

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16) Of the three types of radioactivity characterized by Rutherford, which are particles?
A) β-rays
B) α-rays, β-rays, and γ-rays
C) γ-rays
D) α-rays and γ-rays
E) α-rays and β-rays
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

17) Of the three types of radioactivity characterized by Rutherford, which type does not become deflected by a electric field?
A) β-rays
B) α-rays and β-rays
C) α-rays
D) γ-rays
E) α-rays, β-rays, and γ-rays
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

18) Of the following, the smallest and lightest subatomic particle is the _____.
A) neutron
B) proton
C) electron
D) nucleus
E) alpha particle
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

19) All atoms of a given element have the same _____.
A) mass
B) number of protons
C) number of neutrons
D) number of electrons and neutrons
E) density
Answer: B
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LO: 2.3
GO: G2

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20) Which atom has the smallest number of neutrons?
A) carbon-14
B) nitrogen-14
C) oxygen-16
D) fluorine-19
E) neon-20
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

21) Which of the following atoms has the smallest number of neutrons?
A) carbon-14
B) chlorine-35
C) carbon-12
D) carbon-13
E) bromine-79
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

22) There are _____ electrons, _____ protons, and _____ neutrons in an atom of $^{132}_{54}Xe$.
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A) 132, 132, 54
B) 54, 54, 132
C) 78, 78, 54
D) 54, 54, 78
E) 78, 78, 132
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

23) An atom of the most common isotope of gold, ^{197}Au, has _____ protons, _____ neutrons, and _____ electrons.
A) 197, 79, 118
B) 118, 79, 39
C) 79, 197, 197
D) 79, 118, 118
E) 79, 118, 79
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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24) Which combination of protons, neutrons, and electrons is correct for the isotope of copper, $^{63}_{29}Cu$?

A) 29 p^+, 34 n°, 29 e^-
B) 29 p^+, 29 n°, 63 e^-
C) 63 p^+, 29 n°, 63 e^-
D) 34 p^+, 29 n°, 34 e^-
E) 34 p^+, 34 n°, 29 e^-
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

25) Which isotope has 45 neutrons?
A) $^{45}_{21}Sc$
B) $^{80}_{35}Br$
C) $^{78}_{34}Se$
D) $^{34}_{17}Cl$
E) $^{103}_{45}Rh$

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Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

26) Which pair of atoms constitutes a pair of isotopes of the same element?
A) $^{14}_{6}X$ $^{14}_{7}X$
B) $^{14}_{6}X$ $^{12}_{6}X$
C) $^{17}_{9}X$ $^{17}_{8}X$
D) $^{19}_{10}X$ $^{19}_{9}X$
E) $^{20}_{10}X$ $^{21}_{11}X$
Answer: B
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LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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27) Which isotope has 36 electrons in an atom?
A) $^{80}_{36}Kr$
B) $^{80}_{35}Br$
C) $^{78}_{34}Se$
D) $^{34}_{17}Cl$
E) $^{36}_{80}Hg$
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

28) Isotopes are atoms that have the same _____ but differing _____.
A) atomic masses, charges
B) mass numbers, atomic numbers
C) atomic numbers, mass numbers
D) charges, atomic masses
E) mass numbers, charges
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
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LO: 2.3
GO: G2

29) The nucleus of an atom does not contain _____.
A) protons
B) protons or neutrons
C) neutrons
D) subatomic particles
E) electrons
Answer: E
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LO: 2.3
GO: G2

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30) The subatomic particles located in the nucleus with no overall charges are _____.
A) electrons
B) protons
C) neutrons
D) protons and neutrons
E) protons, neutrons, and electrons
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

31) Different isotopes of a particular element contain the same number of _____.
A) protons
B) neutrons
C) protons and neutrons
D) protons, neutrons, and electrons
E) subatomic particles
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

32) Different isotopes of a particular element contain different numbers of _____.
A) protons
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B) neutrons
C) protons and neutrons
D) protons, neutrons, and electrons
E) None of the above is correct.
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

33) In the symbol shown below, x = _____.

$$^{14}_{x}\mathrm{C}$$

A) 7
B) 13
C) 12
D) 6
E) not enough information to determine
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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34) In the symbol below, X = _____.

$^{13}_{6}X$

A) N
B) C
C) Al
D) K
E) not enough information to determine
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

35) In the symbol below, x = _____.

$^{x}_{8}O$

A) 17
B) 8
C) 6
D) 7
E) not enough information to determine
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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36) In the symbol below, x is _____.

$^{x}_{6}C$

A) the number of neutrons
B) the atomic number
C) the mass number
D) the number of electrons
E) the elemental symbol
Answer: C
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37) Which one of the following basic forces is so small that it has no chemical significance?
A) weak nuclear force
B) strong nuclear force
C) electromagnetism
D) gravity
E) Coulomb's law
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

38) Gravitational forces act between objects in proportion to their _____.
A) volumes
B) masses
C) charges
D) polarizability
E) densities
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

39) Silver has two naturally occurring isotopes with the following isotopic masses:

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$^{107}_{47}\text{Ar}$	$^{107}_{47}\text{Ar}$
106.90509	108.9047

The average atomic mass of silver is 107.8682 amu. The fractional abundance of the lighter of the two isotopes is _____.
A) 0.24221
B) 0.48168
C) 0.51835
D) 0.75783
E) 0.90474
Answer: C
Diff: 4 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

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40) The atomic mass unit is presently based on assigning an exact integral mass (in amu) to an isotope of _____.
A) hydrogen
B) oxygen
C) sodium
D) carbon
E) helium
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

41) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance	Mass
^{221}X	74.22	220.9
^{220}X	12.78	220.0
^{218}X	13.00	218.1

A) 219.7
B) 220.4
C) 220.42
D) 218.5
E) 221.0
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

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42) Element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance	Mass
^{38}X	5.07	37.919
^{39}X	15.35	39.017
^{42}X	79.85	42.111

A) 41.54
B) 39.68
C) 39.07
D) 38.64
E) 33.33
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

43) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The isotopic masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance	Mass
^{159}X	30.60	159.37
^{163}X	15.79	162.79
^{164}X	53.61	163.92

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A) 161.75
B) 162.03
C) 162.35
D) 163.15
E) 33.33
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

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44) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The isotopic masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance	Mass
^{53}X	19.61	52.62
^{56}X	53.91	56.29
^{58}X	26.48	58.31

A) 33.33
B) 55.74
C) 56.11
D) 57.23
E) 56.29
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

45) The element X has two naturally occurring isotopes. The masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance (%)	Mass (amu)
^{31}X	35.16	31.16
^{34}X	64.84	34.30

A) 30.20
B) 33.20
C) 34.02
D) 35.22
E) 32.73
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

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46) The average atomic weight of copper, which has two naturally occurring isotopes, is 63.5. One of the isotopes has an atomic weight of 62.9 amu and constitutes 69.1% of the copper isotopes. The other isotope has an abundance of 30.9%. The atomic weight (amu) of the second isotope is _____ amu.
A) 63.2
B) 63.8
C) 64.1
D) 64.8
E) 28.1
Answer: D
Diff: 4 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

47) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance (%)	Mass (amu)
^{15}X	28.60	15.33
^{17}X	13.30	17.26
^{16}X	58.10	18.11

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A) 17.20
B) 16.90
C) 17.65
D) 17.11
E) 16.90
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

48) Vanadium has two naturally occurring isotopes, ^{50}V with an atomic mass of 49.9472 amu and ^{51}V with an atomic mass of 50.9440. The atomic weight of vanadium is 50.9415. The percent abundances of the vanadium isotopes are _____% ^{50}V and _____% ^{51}V.
A) 0.25, 99.75
B) 99.75, 0.25
C) 49, 51
D) 1.0, 99
E) 99, 1.0
Answer: A
Diff: 4 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

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49) An unknown element is found to have three naturally occurring isotopes with atomic masses of 35.9675 (0.337%), 37.9627 (0.063%), and 39.9624 (99.600%). Which of the following is the unknown element?
A) Ar
B) K
C) Cl
D) Ca
E) None of the above could be the unknown element.
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

50) In the periodic table, the elements are arranged in _____.
A) alphabetical order
B) order of increasing atomic number
C) order of increasing metallic properties
D) order of increasing neutron content
E) increasing atomic mass
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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51) Elements _____ exhibit similar physical and chemical properties.
A) with similar chemical symbols
B) with similar atomic masses
C) in the same period of the periodic table
D) on opposite sides of the periodic table
E) in the same group of the periodic table
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

52) Which pair of elements would you expect to exhibit the greatest similarity in their physical and chemical properties?
A) H, Li
B) Cs, Ba
C) Ca, Sr
D) Ga, Ge
E) C, O
Answer: C
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LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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53) Which pair of elements would you expect to exhibit the greatest similarity in their physical and chemical properties?
A) O, S
B) C, N
C) K, Ca
D) H, He
E) Si, P
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

54) Which pair of elements would you expect to exhibit the greatest similarity in their physical and chemical properties?
A) As, Br
B) Mg, Al
C) I, Br
D) Br, Kr
E) N, O
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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55) The elements in groups 1A, 6A, and 7A are called _____, respectively.
A) alkaline earth metals, halogens, and chalcogens
B) alkali metals, chalcogens, and halogens
C) alkali metals, halogens, and noble gases
D) alkaline earth metals, transition metals, and halogens
E) halogens, transition metals, and alkali metals
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

56) Which pair of elements below should be the most similar in chemical properties?
A) C and O
B) B and As
C) I and Br
D) K and Kr
E) Cs and He
Answer: C
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LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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57) An element in the upper right corner of the periodic table _____.
A) is either a metal or metalloid
B) is definitely a metal
C) is either a metalloid or a nonmetal
D) is definitely a nonmetal
E) is definitely a metalloid
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

58) An element that appears in the lower left corner of the periodic table is _____.
A) either a metal or metalloid
B) definitely a metal
C) either a metalloid or a nonmetal
D) definitely a nonmetal
E) definitely a metalloid
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

59) Elements in the same group of the periodic table typically have _____.
A) similar mass numbers
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B) similar physical properties only
C) similar chemical properties only
D) similar atomic masses
E) similar physical and chemical properties
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

60) Which one of the following molecular formulas is also an empirical formula?
A) $C_6H_6O_2$
B) C_2H_6SO
C) H_2O_2
D) $H_2P_4O_6$
E) C_6H_6
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.9
GO: G2

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61) Which compounds do not have the same empirical formula?
A) C_2H_2, C_6H_6
B) CO, CO_2
C) C_2H_4, C_3H_6
D) $C_2H_4O_2$, $C_6H_{12}O_6$
E) $C_2H_5COOCH_3$, CH_3CHO
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.9
GO: G2

62) Of the choices below, which one is not an ionic compound?
A) PCl_5
B) $MoCl_6$
C) RbCl
D) $PbCl_2$
E) NaCl
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6, 2.7
LO: 2.8
GO: G2

63) Which type of formula provides the most information about a compound?
A) empirical
B) molecular
C) simplest
D) structural
E) chemical
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.10a
GO: G2

64) A molecular formula always indicates _____.
A) how many of each atom are in a molecule
B) the simplest whole-number ratio of different atoms in a compound
C) which atoms are attached to which in a molecule
D) the isotope of each element in a compound
E) the geometry of a molecule
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.10a
GO: G2

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65) An empirical formula always indicates _____.
A) which atoms are attached to which in a molecule
B) how many of each atom are in a molecule
C) the simplest whole-number ratio of different atoms in a compound
D) the isotope of each element in a compound
E) the geometry of a molecule
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.9
GO: G2

66) The molecular formula of a compound is always _____ the empirical formula.
A) more complex than
B) different from
C) an integral multiple of
D) the same as
E) simpler than
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.10a
GO: G2

67) Formulas that show how atoms are attached in a molecule are called _____.
A) molecular formulas
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B) ionic formulas
C) empirical formulas
D) diatomic formulas
E) structural formulas
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.10a
GO: G2

68) Of the following, _____ contains the greatest number of electrons.
A) P^{3+}
B) P
C) P^{2-}
D) P^{3-}
E) P^{2+}
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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69) Which species has 54 electrons?
A) $^{132}_{54}Xe^{+}$
B) $^{128}_{52}Te^{2-}$
C) $^{118}_{50}Sn^{4+}$
D) $^{112}_{48}Cd$
E) $^{132}_{54}Xe^{2+}$
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

70) Which species has 16 protons?
A) ^{31}P
B) $^{34}S^{2-}$
C) ^{36}Cl
D) $^{80}Br^{-}$
E) ^{16}O
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Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

71) Which species has 18 electrons?
A) ^{39}K
B) $^{32}S^{2-}$
C) ^{35}Cl
D) $^{27}Al^{3+}$
E) $^{45}Sc^{3+}$
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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72) Which of the following species contains 18 electrons?
A) ^{31}P
B) $^{34}S^{2-}$
C) ^{36}Cl
D) $^{80}Br^{-}$
E) ^{16}O
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

73) Which of the following species is an isotope of ^{79}Br?
A) $^{40}Ar^{+}$
B) $^{34}S^{2-}$
C) $^{79}Br^{-}$
D) ^{80}Br
E) ^{79}Se
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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74) Which one of the following species has as many electrons as it has neutrons?
A) ^{1}H
B) $^{40}Ca^{2+}$
C) ^{14}C
D) $^{19}F^{-}$
E) $^{14}C^{2+}$
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

75) There are _____ protons, _____ neutrons, and _____ electrons in $^{131}I^{-}$.
A) 131, 53, 54
B) 131, 53, 52
C) 53, 78, 54
D) 53, 131, 52
E) 53, 78, 52
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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76) There are _____ protons, _____ neutrons, and _____ electrons in $^{238}U^{+5}$.
A) 146, 92, 92
B) 92, 146, 87
C) 92, 146, 92
D) 92, 92, 87
E) 146, 92, 97
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

77) Which species contains 68 neutrons?
A) $^{118}_{50}Sn^{+2}$
B) $^{116}_{50}Sn^{+2}$
C) $^{112}_{48}Cd^{+2}$
D) $^{68}_{31}Ga$
E) $^{48}_{22}Ti$
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
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LO: 2.11
GO: G2

78) Which of the following compounds would you expect to be ionic?
A) H_2O
B) CO_2
C) $SrCl_2$
D) SO_2
E) H_2S
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

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79) Which pair of elements is most apt to form an ionic compound with each other?
A) barium, bromine
B) calcium, sodium
C) oxygen, fluorine
D) sulfur, fluorine
E) nitrogen, hydrogen
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

80) Which pair of elements is most apt to form a molecular compound with each other?
A) aluminum, oxygen
B) magnesium, iodine
C) sulfur, fluorine
D) potassium, lithium
E) barium, bromine
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

81) Which species below is the nitride ion?
A) Na^+
B) NO_3^-
C) NO_2^-
D) NH_4^+
E) N^{3-}
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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82) Barium reacts with a polyatomic ion to form a compound with the general formula $Ba_3(X)_2$. What would be the most likely formula for the compound formed between sodium and the polyatomic ion X?
A) NaX
B) Na_2X
C) Na_2X_2
D) Na_3X
E) Na_3X_2
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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83) Aluminum reacts with a certain nonmetallic element to form a compound with the general formula Al_2X_3. Element X must be from Group _____ of the Periodic Table of Elements.
A) 3A
B) 4A
C) 5A
D) 6A
E) 7A
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

84) The formula for a salt is XBr. The X-ion in this salt has 46 electrons. The metal X is _____.
A) Ag
B) Pd
C) Cd
D) Cu
E) Cs
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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85) Which formula/name pair is incorrect?
A) $Mn(NO_2)_2$ manganese(II) nitrite
B) $Mg(NO_3)_2$ magnesium nitrate
C) $Mn(NO_3)_2$ manganese(II) nitrate
D) Mg_3N_2 magnesium nitrite
E) $Mg(MnO_4)_2$ magnesium permanganate
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

86) Which formula/name pair is incorrect?
A) $FeSO_4$ iron(II) sulfate
B) $Fe_2(SO_3)_3$ iron(III) sulfite
C) FeS iron(II) sulfide
D) $FeSO_3$ iron(II) sulfite
E) $Fe_2(SO_4)_3$ iron(III) sulfide
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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87) Which one of the following is the formula of hydrochloric acid?
A) $HClO_3$
B) $HClO_4$
C) HClO
D) HCl
E) $HClO_2$
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

88) The suffix -ide is used primarily _____.
A) for monatomic anion names
B) for polyatomic cation names
C) for the name of the first element in a molecular compound
D) to indicate binary acids
E) for monoatomic cations
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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89) Which one of the following compounds is chromium(III) oxide?
A) Cr_2O_3
B) CrO_3
C) Cr_3O_2
D) Cr_3O
E) Cr_2O_4
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

90) Which one of the following compounds is copper(I) chloride?
A) CuCl
B) $CuCl_2$
C) Cu_2Cl
D) Cu_2Cl_3
E) Cu_3Cl_2
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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91) The correct name for MgF_2 is _____.
A) monomagnesium difluoride
B) magnesium difluoride
C) manganese difluoride
D) manganese bifluoride
E) magnesium fluoride
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

92) The correct name for $NaHCO_3$ is _____.
A) sodium hydride
B) persodium carbonate
C) persodium hydroxide
D) sodium bicarbonate
E) carbonic acid
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

93) A correct name for $Fe(NO_3)_2$ is _____.
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A) iron nitrite
B) ferrous nitrite
C) ferrous nitrate
D) ferric nitrite
E) ferric nitrate
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

94) The correct name for HNO_2 is _____.
A) nitrous acid
B) nitric acid
C) hydrogen nitrate
D) hyponitrous acid
E) pernitric acid
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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95) The proper formula for the hydronium ion is _____.
A) H^-
B) OH^-
C) N^{3-}
D) H_3O^+
E) NH_4^+
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

96) The charge on the _____ ion is -3.
A) sulfate
B) acetate
C) permanganate
D) oxide
E) nitride
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

97) Which one of the following polyatomic ions has the same charge as the hydroxide ion?
A) ammonium
B) carbonate
C) nitrate
D) sulfate
E) phosphate
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

98) Which element forms an ion with the same charge as the ammonium ion?
A) potassium
B) chlorine
C) calcium
D) oxygen
E) nitrogen
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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99) The formula for the compound formed between aluminum ions and phosphate ions is _____.
A) $Al_3(PO_4)_3$
B) $AlPO_4$
C) $Al(PO_4)_3$
D) $Al_2(PO_4)_3$
E) AlP
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

100) Which metal does not form cations of differing charges?
A) Na
B) Cu
C) Co
D) Fe
E) Sn
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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101) Which metal forms cations of differing charges?
A) K
B) Cs
C) Ba
D) Al
E) Sn
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

102) The correct name for $Ni(CN)_2$ is _____.
A) nickel (I) cyanide
B) nickel cyanate
C) nickel carbonate
D) nickel (II) cyanide
E) nickel (I) nitride
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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103) What is the molecular formula for 1-propanol?
A) CH_4O
B) C_2H_6O
C) C_3H_8O
D) $C_4H_{10}O$
E) $C_5H_{12}O$
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

2.2 Bimodal Questions

1) Methane and ethane are both made up of carbon and hydrogen. In methane, there are 12.0 g of carbon for every 4.00 g of hydrogen, a ratio of 3:1 by mass. In ethane, there are 24.0 g of carbon for every 6.00 g of hydrogen, a ratio of 4:1 by mass. This is an illustration of the law of _____.
A) constant composition
B) multiple proportions
C) conservation of matter
D) conservation of mass
E) octaves
Answer: B
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Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.1
LO: 2.1
GO: G2

2) _____ and _____ reside in the atomic nucleus.
A) Protons, electrons
B) Electrons, neutrons
C) Protons, neutrons
D) Neutrons, only neutrons
E) none of the above
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.2
LO: 2.2
GO: G2

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3) 520 pm is the same as _____ Å.
A) 5200
B) 52
C) 520
D) 5.2
E) 0.00052
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G4

4) The atomic number indicates _____.
A) the number of neutrons in a nucleus
B) the total number of neutrons and protons in a nucleus
C) the number of protons or electrons in a neutral atom
D) the number of atoms in 1 g of an element
E) the number of different isotopes of an element
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

5) The nucleus of an atom contains _____.
A) electrons
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B) protons, neutrons, and electrons
C) protons and neutrons
D) protons and electrons
E) protons
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

6) In the periodic table, the elements touching the steplike line are known as _____.
A) transition elements
B) noble gases
C) metalloids
D) nonmetals
E) metals
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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7) Which group in the periodic table contains only nonmetals?
A) 1A
B) 6A
C) 2B
D) 2A
E) 8A
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

8) Horizontal rows of the periodic table are known as _____.
A) periods
B) groups
C) metalloids
D) metals
E) nonmetals
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

9) Vertical columns of the periodic table are known as _____.
A) metals
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B) periods
C) nonmetals
D) groups
E) metalloids
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

10) Elements in Group 1A are known as the _____.
A) chalcogens
B) alkaline earth metals
C) alkali metals
D) halogens
E) noble gases
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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11) Elements in Group 2A are known as the _____.
A) alkaline earth metals
B) alkali metals
C) chalcogens
D) halogens
E) noble gases
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

12) Elements in Group 6A are known as the _____.
A) alkali metals
B) chalcogens
C) alkaline earth metals
D) halogens
E) noble gases
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

13) Elements in Group 7A are known as the _____.
A) chalcogens
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B) alkali metals
C) alkaline earth metals
D) halogens
E) noble gases
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

14) Elements in Group 8A are known as the _____.
A) halogens
B) alkali metals
C) alkaline earth metals
D) chalcogens
E) noble gases
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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15) Potassium is a _____ and chlorine is a _____.
A) metal, nonmetal
B) metal, metal
C) metal, metalloid
D) metalloid, nonmetal
E) nonmetal, metal
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.7
GO: G2

16) Lithium is a _____ and magnesium is a _____.
A) nonmetal, metal
B) nonmetal, nonmetal
C) metal, metal
D) metal, metalloid
E) metalloid, metalloid
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.7
GO: G2

17) Oxygen is a _____ and nitrogen is a _____.
A) metal, metalloid
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B) nonmetal, metal
C) metalloid, metalloid
D) nonmetal, nonmetal
E) nonmetal, metalloid
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.7
GO: G2

18) Calcium is a _____ and silver is a _____.
A) nonmetal, metal
B) metal, metal
C) metalloid, metal
D) metal, metalloid
E) nonmetal, metalloid
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.7
GO: G2

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19) _____ are found uncombined, as monatomic species in nature.
A) Noble gases
B) Chalcogens
C) Alkali metals
D) Alkaline earth metals
E) Halogens
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

20) When a metal and a nonmetal react, the _____ tends to lose electrons and the _____ tends to gain electrons.
A) metal, metal
B) nonmetal, nonmetal
C) metal, nonmetal
D) nonmetal, metal
E) None of the above; these elements share electrons.
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

21) The empirical formula of a compound with molecules containing 12 carbon atoms, 14 hydrogen atoms, and 6 oxygen atoms is _____.
A) $C_{12}H_{14}O_6$
B) CHO
C) CH_2O
D) $C_6H_7O_3$
E) C_2H_4O
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.9
GO: G2

22) _____ only form ions with a 2+ charge.
A) Alkaline earth metals
B) Halogens
C) Chalcogens
D) Alkali metals
E) Transition metals
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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23) What is the formula of the compound formed between strontium ions and nitrogen ions?
A) SrN
B) Sr_3N_2
C) Sr_2N_3
D) SrN_2
E) SrN_3
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

24) Magnesium reacts with a certain element to form a compound with the general formula MgX. What would the most likely formula be for the compound formed between potassium and element X?
A) K_2X
B) KX_2
C) K_2X_3
D) K_2X_2
E) KX
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

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25) The charge on the manganese in the salt MnF_3 is _____.
A) 1+
B) 1-
C) 2+
D) 2-
E) 3+
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

26) Aluminum reacts with a certain nonmetallic element to form a compound with the general formula AlX. Element X is a diatomic gas at room temperature. Element X must be _____.
A) oxygen
B) fluorine
C) chlorine
D) nitrogen
E) sulfur
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

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27) Sodium forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 1+
B) 1-
C) 2+
D) 2-
E) 0
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

28) Potassium forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 2+
B) 1-
C) 1+
D) 2-
E) 0
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

29) Calcium forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 1-
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B) 2-
C) 1+
D) 2+
E) 0
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

30) Barium forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 1+
B) 2-
C) 3+
D) 3-
E) 2+
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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31) Aluminum forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 2+
B) 3-
C) 1+
D) 3+
E) 1-
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

32) Fluorine forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 1-
B) 1+
C) 2+
D) 3+
E) 3-
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

33) Iodine forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 7-
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B) 1+
C) 2-
D) 2+
E) 1-
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

34) Oxygen forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 2-
B) 2+
C) 3-
D) 3+
E) 6+
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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35) Sulfur forms an ion with a charge of _____.
A) 2+
B) 2-
C) 3+
D) 6-
E) 6+
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

36) Predict the empirical formula of the ionic compound that forms from sodium and fluorine.
A) NaF
B) Na_2F
C) NaF_2
D) Na_2F_3
E) Na_3F_2
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

37) Predict the empirical formula of the ionic compound that forms from magnesium and fluorine.
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A) Mg_2F_3
B) MgF
C) Mg_2F
D) Mg_3F_2
E) MgF_2
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

38) Predict the empirical formula of the ionic compound that forms from magnesium and oxygen.
A) Mg_2O
B) MgO
C) MgO_2
D) Mg_2O_2
E) Mg_3O_2
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

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39) Predict the empirical formula of the ionic compound that forms from aluminum and oxygen.
A) AlO
B) Al_3O_2
C) Al_2O_3
D) AlO_2
E) Al_2O
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

40) The correct name for K_2S is _____.
A) potassium sulfate
B) potassium disulfide
C) potassium bisulfide
D) potassium sulfide
E) dipotassium sulfate
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

41) The correct name for Al_2O_3 is _____.
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A) aluminum oxide
B) dialuminum oxide
C) dialuminum trioxide
D) aluminum hydroxide
E) aluminum trioxide
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

42) The correct name for CaH_2 is _____.
A) hydrocalcium
B) calcium dihydride
C) calcium hydroxide
D) calcium dihydroxide
E) calcium hydride
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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43) The correct name for SO is _____.
A) sulfur oxide
B) sulfur monoxide
C) sulfoxide
D) sulfate
E) sulfite
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

44) The correct name for CCl_4 is _____.
A) carbon chloride
B) carbon tetrachlorate
C) carbon perchlorate
D) carbon tetrachloride
E) carbon chlorate
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

45) The correct name for N_2O_5 is _____.
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A) nitrous oxide
B) nitrogen pentoxide
C) dinitrogen pentoxide
D) nitric oxide
E) nitrogen oxide
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

46) The correct name for H_2CO_3 is _____.
A) carbonous acid
B) hydrocarbonate
C) carbonic acid
D) carbohydrate
E) carbohydric acid
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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47) The correct name for H_2SO_3 is _____.
A) sulfuric acid
B) sulfurous acid
C) hydrosulfuric acid
D) hydrosulfic acid
E) sulfur hydroxide
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

48) The correct name for H_2SO_4 is _____.
A) sulfuric acid
B) sulfurous acid
C) hydrosulfuric acid
D) hydrosulfic acid
E) sulfur hydroxide
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

49) The correct name for HNO_3 is _____.
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A) nitrous acid
B) nitric acid
C) hydronitroxide acid
D) nitroxide acid
E) nitrogen hydroxide
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

50) The correct name for $HClO_3$ is _____.
A) hydrochloric acid
B) perchloric acid
C) chloric acid
D) chlorous acid
E) hydrochlorous acid
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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51) The correct name for HClO is _____.
A) hydrochloric acid
B) perchloric acid
C) chloric acid
D) chlorous acid
E) hypochlorous acid
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

52) The correct name for $HBrO_4$ is _____.
A) hydrobromic acid
B) perbromic acid
C) bromic acid
D) bromous acid
E) hydrobromous acid
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

53) The correct name for HBrO is _____.
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A) hydrobromic acid
B) perbromic acid
C) bromic acid
D) bromous acid
E) hypobromous acid
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

54) The correct name for $HBrO_2$ is _____.
A) hydrobromic acid
B) perbromic acid
C) bromic acid
D) bromous acid
E) hydrobromous acid
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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55) The correct name for $HClO_2$ is _____.
A) perchloric acid
B) chloric acid
C) hypochlorous acid
D) hypychloric acid
E) chlorous acid
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

56) The correct name of the compound Na_3N is _____.
A) sodium nitride
B) sodium azide
C) sodium trinitride
D) sodium(III) nitride
E) trisodium nitride
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

57) The formula of bromic acid is _____.
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A) HBr
B) $HBrO_4$
C) HBrO
D) $HBrO_3$
E) $HBrO_2$
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

58) The correct formula for molybdenum (IV) hypochlorite is _____.
A) $Mo(ClO_3)_4$
B) $Mo(ClO)_4$
C) $Mo(ClO_2)_4$
D) $Mo(ClO_4)_4$
E) $MoCl_4$
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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59) The name of PCl_3 is _____.
A) potassium chloride
B) phosphorus trichloride
C) phosphorous(III) chloride
D) monophosphorous trichloride
E) trichloro potassium
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

60) The ions Ca^{2+} and PO_4^{3-} form a salt with the formula _____.
A) $CaPO_4$
B) $Ca_2(PO_4)_3$
C) Ca_2PO_4
D) $Ca(PO_4)_2$
E) $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

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61) The correct formula of iron (III) bromide is _____.
A) $FeBr_2$
B) $FeBr_3$
C) FeBr
D) Fe_3Br_3
E) Fe_3Br
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

62) Magnesium and sulfur form an ionic compound with the formula _____.
A) MgS
B) Mg_2S
C) MgS_2
D) Mg_2S_2
E) Mg_2S_3
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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63) The formula of ammonium carbonate is _____.
A) $(NH_4)_2CO_3$
B) NH_4CO_2
C) $(NH_3)_2CO_4$
D) $(NH_3)_2CO_3$
E) $N_2(CO_3)_3$
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

64) The formula of the chromate ion is _____.
A) CrO_4^{2-}
B) CrO_2^{3-}
C) CrO^{-}
D) CrO_3^{2-}
E) CrO^{2-}
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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65) The formula of the carbonate ion is _____.
A) CO_2^{2-}
B) CO_3^{2-}
C) CO_3^{3-}
D) CO_2^{-}
E) CO^{-}
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

66) The correct name for $Mg(ClO_3)_2$ is _____.
A) magnesium chlorate
B) manganese chlorate
C) magnesium chloroxide
D) magnesium perchlorate
E) manganese perchlorate
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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67) What is the correct formula for ammonium sulfide?
A) NH_4SO_3
B) $(NH_4)_2SO_4$
C) $(NH_4)_2S$
D) NH_3S
E) N_2S_3
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

68) When calcium reacts with sulfur the compound formed is _____.
A) Ca_2S_2
B) Ca_3S_2
C) CaS
D) CaS_2
E) Ca_2S_3
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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69) Chromium and chlorine form an ionic compound whose formula is $CrCl_3$. The name of this compound is _____.
A) chromium chlorine
B) chromium (III) chloride
C) monochromium trichloride
D) chromium (III) trichloride
E) chromic trichloride
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

70) Iron and chlorine form an ionic compound whose formula is $FeCl_3$. The name of this compound is _____.
A) iron chlorine
B) iron (III) chloride
C) moniron trichloride
D) iron (III) trichloride
E) ferric trichloride
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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71) Copper and chlorine form an ionic compound whose formula is $CuCl_2$. The name of this compound is _____.
A) copper chlorine
B) copper (III) dichloride
C) monocopper dichloride
D) copper (II) dichloride
E) cupric chloride
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

72) The name of the binary compound N_2O_4 is _____.
A) nitrogen oxide
B) nitrous oxide
C) nitrogen (IV) oxide
D) dinitrogen tetroxide
E) oxygen nitride
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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73) The formula for zinc phosphate is $Zn_3(PO_4)_2$. What is the formula for cadmium arsenate?
A) $Cd_4(AsO_2)_3$
B) $Cd_3(AsO_4)_2$
C) $Cd_3(AsO_3)_4$
D) $Cd_2(AsO_4)_3$
E) $Cd_2(AsO_4)_4$
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

74) The formula for aluminum hydroxide is _____.
A) AlOH
B) Al_3OH
C) $Al_2(OH)_3$
D) $Al(OH)_3$
E) Al_2O_3
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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75) The name of the ionic compound V_2O_3 is _____.
A) vanadium (III) oxide
B) vanadium oxide
C) vanadium (II) oxide
D) vanadium (III) trioxide
E) divanadium trioxide
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

76) The name of the ionic compound NH_4CN is _____.
A) nitrogen hydrogen cyanate
B) ammonium carbonitride
C) ammonium cyanide
D) ammonium hydrogen cyanate
E) cyanonitride
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

77) The name of the ionic compound $(NH_4)_3PO_4$ is _____.
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A) ammonium phosphate
B) nitrogen hydrogen phosphate
C) tetrammonium phosphate
D) ammonia phosphide
E) triammonium phosphate
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

78) What is the formula for perchloric acid?
A) HClO
B) $HClO_3$
C) $HClO_4$
D) $HClO_2$
E) HCl
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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79) The correct name for HIO_2 is _____.
A) hypoiodic acid
B) hydriodic acid
C) periodous acid
D) iodous acid
E) periodic acid
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

80) What is the molecular formula for propane?
A) C_2H_8
B) C_3H_6
C) C_3H_8
D) C_4H_8
E) C_4H_{10}
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

81) What is the molecular formula for butane?
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A) C_2H_8
B) C_3H_6
C) C_3H_8
D) C_4H_8
E) C_4H_{10}
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

82) What are the primary atoms found in alkanes?
A) carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen
B) carbon and nitrogen
C) oxygen and hydrogen
D) carbon and oxygen
E) carbon and hydrogen
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

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83) What is the correct name for the following alkane, C_5H_{12}?
A) heptane
B) propane
C) hexane
D) pentane
E) butane
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

84) How many carbon and hydrogen atoms are found in decane?
A) 10 carbons and 22 hydrogens
B) 9 carbons and 20 hydrogens
C) 10 carbons and 20 hydrogens
D) 9 carbons and 18 hydrogens
E) 10 carbons and 24 hydrogens
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

85) What is the molecular formula for heptane?
A) C_6H_{12}
B) C_6H_{14}
C) C_7H_{14}
D) C_7H_{16}
E) C_7H_{18}
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

86) What is the molecular formula for 1-hexanol?
A) $C_6H_{13}O$
B) $C_6H_{14}O$
C) $C_6H_{15}O$
D) $C_7H_{14}O$
E) $C_7H_{15}O$
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

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2.3 Algorithmic Questions

1) A certain mass of carbon reacts with 128 g of oxygen to form carbon monoxide. _____ grams of oxygen would react with that same mass of carbon to form carbon dioxide, according to the law of multiple proportions.
A) 25.6
B) 64.0
C) 128
D) 1280
E) 256
Answer: E
Diff: 3 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.1
LO: 2.1
GO: G4

2) An atom of ^{13}C contains _____ protons.
A) 6
B) 19
C) 7
D) 9
E) 13
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 17 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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3) Of the following, the subatomic particle with the smallest mass is the _____.
A) proton
B) neutron
C) electron
D) alpha particle
E) isotope
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 15 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G2

4) An atom of ^{118}Xe contains _____ neutrons.
A) 54
B) 172
C) 64
D) 110
E) 118
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 17 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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5) There are _____ protons, _____ electrons, and _____ neutrons in an atom of $^{129}_{54}Xe$.

A) 129, 129, 129
B) 129, 129, 75
C) 54, 75, 129
D) 54, 54, 75
E) 54, 54, 129
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

6) An atom of ^{14}C contains _____ electrons.

A) 14
B) 20
C) 8
D) 10
E) 6
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 17 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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7) 87 pm is the same as _____ Angstroms.

A) 870
B) 8.7
C) 87
D) .87
E) .087
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G4

8) 200 pm is the same as _____ Å.

A) 2000
B) 20
C) 200
D) 2
E) 0.0002
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3
GO: G4

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9) In the symbol below, X = _____.

$^{40}_{19}X$

A) Zr
B) K
C) Sc
D) Br
E) not enough information to determine
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

10) In the symbol below, x = _____.

$^{x}_{17}Cl$

A) 17
B) 34
C) 16
D) 36
E) not enough information to determine
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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11) The mass number of an atom of ^{14}C is _____.

A) 6
B) 20
C) 8
D) 14
E) 10
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 17 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

12) Which atom has the largest number of neutrons?

A) silicon-30
B) sulfur-36
C) argon-38
D) calcium-44
E) magnesium-24
Answer: D
Diff: 3 Var: 50+ Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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13) How many neutrons are there in one atom of ^{184}W?
A) 74
B) 112
C) 258
D) 110
E) 184
Answer: D
Diff: 3 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

14) How many protons are there in one atom of ^{71}Ga?
A) 40
B) 70
C) 71
D) 31
E) 13
Answer: D
Diff: 3 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

15) How many electrons are there in one atom of ^{71}Ga?
TBEXAM.COM
A) 40
B) 70
C) 71
D) 31
E) 13
Answer: D
Diff: 3 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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16) Which pair of atoms constitutes a pair of isotopes of the same element?
A) $^{28}_{13}X$ $^{29}_{14}X$
B) $^{59}_{26}X$ $^{58}_{26}X$
C) $^{10}_{2}X$ $^{13}_{3}X$
D) $^{107}_{43}X$ $^{109}_{44}X$
E) $^{16}_{6}X$ $^{16}_{7}X$

Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 50+ Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

17) The atomic number of an atom of ^{80}Br is _____.
A) 115
B) 35
C) 45
D) 73
E) 80
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 17 Page Ref: Sec. 2.3
LO: 2.3, 2.4
GO: G2

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18) How many total electrons are in the Li^+ ion?
A) 2
B) 3
C) 4
D) 7
E) 8
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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19) How many total electrons are in the O^{2-} ion?
A) 10
B) 8
C) 6
D) 16
E) 4
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

20) If a iron atom loses 2 electrons to make an ion, what is the charge on that ion?
A) 2+
B) 1+
C) 3+
D) 2-
E) 1-
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

21) If an atom gains 3 electrons to make an ion, what is the charge on that ion?
A) 3+
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B) 1+
C) 2+
D) 1-
E) 3-
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 3 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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22) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance	Mass
^{221}X	55.700	220.90
^{220}X	38.800	220.00
^{218}X	5.5000	218.10

A) 33.333
B) 220.40
C) 220.24
D) 219.00
E) 219.67
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

23) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance	Mass
^{159}X	40.80	159.37
^{163}X	8.000	162.79
^{164}X	51.20	163.92

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A) 159.4
B) 162.0
C) 163.1
D) 161.5
E) 163.0
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

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24) The element X has three naturally occurring isotopes. The masses (amu) and % abundances of the isotopes are given in the table below. The average atomic mass of the element is _____ amu.

Isotope	Abundance	Mass
^{53}X	25.00	52.62
^{56}X	37.00	56.29
^{58}X	38.00	58.31

A) 52.62
B) 56.14
C) 55.70
D) 55.40
E) 55.74
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.4
LO: 2.5
GO: G4

25) The element _____ is the most similar to helium in chemical and physical properties.
A) O
B) Mg
C) Be
D) Ar
E) Sr
Answer: D
Diff: 3 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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26) Which pair of elements would you expect to exhibit the greatest similarity in their physical and chemical properties?
A) Li, F
B) Sr, Te
C) O, S
D) In, Sb
E) Ti, Ne
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 50+ Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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27) Which one of the following is a metalloid?
A) Se
B) Hf
C) Zr
D) Xe
E) Si
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.7
GO: G2

28) The element lithium is in a group known as the _____.
A) transition metals
B) alkaline earth metals
C) noble gases
D) halogens
E) alkali metals
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

29) The element chlorine is in a group known as the _____.
A) transition metals
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B) noble gases
C) alkali metals
D) alkaline earth metals
E) halogens
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

30) The element calcium is in a group known as the _____.
A) transition metals
B) alkali metals
C) halogens
D) noble gases
E) alkaline earth metals
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

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31) Of the following, only _____ is not a metalloid.
A) B
B) Po
C) Si
D) Ge
E) As
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.7
GO: G2

32) Which of the following elements is a nonmetal?
A) At
B) Rh
C) Tc
D) Mo
E) Zr
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.7
GO: G2

33) Which one of the following will occur as diatomic molecules in elemental form?
A) helium
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B) argon
C) chlorine
D) phosphorous
E) sodium
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 50+ Page Ref: Sec. 2.6
LO: 2.8
GO: G2

34) How many electrons does the Al^{3+} ion possess?
A) 16
B) 10
C) 6
D) 0
E) 13
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 10 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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35) How many protons does the Br^- ion possess?
A) 34
B) 36
C) 6
D) 8
E) 35
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 10 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

36) Which one of the following is most likely to gain electrons when forming an ion?
A) Mn
B) Zn
C) F
D) Li
E) Al
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Var: 50+ Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

37) The formula of a salt is XCl_2. The X-ion in this salt has 24 electrons. The metal X is _____.
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A) Ni
B) Fe
C) Zn
D) Cr
E) Ti
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

38) Predict the charge of the most stable ion of bromine.
A) 2+
B) 1+
C) 3+
D) 1-
E) 2-
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 10 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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39) Predict the charge of the most stable ion of aluminum.
A) 3-
B) 1+
C) 2+
D) 1-
E) 3+
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Var: 10 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

40) Which of the following compounds would you expect to be ionic?
A) C_2H_6
B) NH_3
C) H_2O_2
D) LiBr
E) None of the above.
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 50+ Page Ref: Sec. 2.6, 2.7
LO: 2.8
GO: G2

41) Which species below is the sulfate ion?
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A) CN^-
B) SO_4^{2-}
C) OH^-
D) SO_3^{2-}
E) None of the above
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

42) Which species below is the nitrate ion?
A) NO_2^-
B) NO_3^-
C) ClO_3^-
D) ClO_4^-
E) MnO_4^-
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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43) Which species below is the chromate ion?
A) $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$
B) CrO_4^{2-}
C) CH_3COO^-
D) CO_3^{2-}
E) None of the above
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

44) The correct name for CaO is _____.
A) calcium oxide
B) calcium hydroxide
C) calcium peroxide
D) calcium monoxide
E) calcium dioxide
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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45) Element M reacts with fluorine to form an ionic compound with the formula MF_3. The M-ion has 21 electrons. Element M is _____.
A) Al
B) Cr
C) Mn
D) Fe
E) Sc
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

46) The charge on the copper ion in the salt CuO is _____.
A) +1
B) +2
C) +4
D) +3
E) +5
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 5 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

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47) The charge on the silver ion in the salt AgCl is _____.
A) +2
B) +1
C) +3
D) +4
E) +5
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.12
GO: G2

48) The name of the ionic compound $NaBrO_4$ is _____.
A) sodium perbromate
B) sodium bromate
C) sodium hypobromate
D) sodium perbromite
E) sodium bromide
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

49) When a bromine atom forms the bromide ion, it has the same charge as the _____ ion.
A) sulfide
B) ammonium
C) nitrate
D) phosphate
E) sulfite
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

50) Which element forms an ion with the same charge as the sulfate ion?
A) magnesium
B) sodium
C) fluorine
D) vanadium
E) sulfur
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Var: 50+ Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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51) The correct name for Na_2O_2 is _____.
A) sodium oxide
B) sodium dioxide
C) disodium dioxide
D) sodium peroxide
E) disodium oxide
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Var: 4 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

52) Which metal is not required to have its charge specified in the names of ionic compounds it forms?
A) Cr
B) Ni
C) Zr
D) Na
E) Mo
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Var: 50+ Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

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2.4 Short Answer Questions

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1) The following hypothetical element $:\dot{\underset{\cdot}{X}}:$ can be found in which group on the periodic table?

Answer: VIA
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

2) Which element is found in Period 2 and Group VIIA?
Answer: fluorine
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.5
LO: 2.6
GO: G2

3) The formula for potassium sulfide is _____.
Answer: K_2S
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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4) What is the name of an alcohol derived from hexane?
Answer: hexanol
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.9
LO: 2.15
GO: G2

2.5 True/False Questions

1) The possible oxidation numbers for iron are +1 and +2.
Answer: FALSE
Diff: 1 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.7
LO: 2.11
GO: G2

2) The formula for chromium (II) iodide is CrI_2.
Answer: TRUE
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

3) H_2SeO_4 is called selenic acid.
Answer: TRUE
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.14
GO: G2

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4) The correct name for Na_3N is sodium azide.
Answer: FALSE
Diff: 2 Var: 1 Page Ref: Sec. 2.8
LO: 2.13
GO: G2

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