Homeland Security - An Introduction 1st edition Givens Test Bank

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Chapter 2: Test Bank

Multiple Choice

1. _____ is an international intelligence-sharing pact among Australia, Canada, New Zealand, the United Kingdom, and the United States
    a. All Ears
    b. SIGINT
    c. Five Eyes
    d. ACNUU
    ANSWER: C- Five Eyes

2. _____ is a multinational defense alliance, founded in 1949, that first formed to address the growing threat of Soviet expansion into Europe after World War II.
    a. North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)
    b. European Union (EU)
    c. U.S. Computer Emergency Response Team (US-CERT)
    d. Public Health Service (PHS) Commissioned Corps
    ANSWER: A- North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)

3. What is the formal process through which a migrant is detained by government border security officials and returned to his/her country of origin?
    a. sanctions
    b. espionage
    c. sovereignty
    d. repatriation
    ANSWER: D- repatriation

4. Which of the following is NOT an example of a natural disaster?
    a. oil spill
    b. hurricane
    c. tornado
    d. earthquake
    ANSWER: A- oil spill

5. Which agency published a Climate Action Plan in 2013, which linked the effects of climate change to homeland security mission areas?
    a. CIA
    b. DHS
    c. FBI
    d. NSA
    ANSWER: B- DHS

6. DHS has organized a biennial exercise called _____ to evaluate the abilities of U.S. entities and U.S. allies to manage significant cyber events.
    a. All Hands

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b. Cyber Storm
c. Five Eyes
d. Super Threat
ANSWER: B- Cyber Storm

7. Which of the following terms describes the formal process through which a migrant is detained by government border security officials and returned to his/her country of origin?
    a. Espionage
    b. Foreign Fighter
    c. Repatriation
    d. Sovereignty
    ANSWER: C- Repatriation

True/False

1. Modern U.S. homeland security emerged from a confluence of events and actors abroad, culminating in the horrific terrorist attacks of 9/11.
    a. True
    b. False
    ANSWER: TRUE

2. The U.S. government is not concerned with pandemics occurring outside of the U.S.
    a. True
    b. False
    ANSWER: FALSE

3. The spread of diseases worldwide can be exacerbated by disasters
    a. True
    b. False
    ANSWER: TRUE

4. Cybersecurity concerns have risen in prominence within homeland security circles during the past ten years
    a. True
    b. False
    ANSWER: TRUE

5. The Department of Homeland Security now has the third largest civilian footprint abroad of any federal government agency
    a. True
    b. False
    ANSWER: TRUE

6. Intelligence sharing partners must agree, in writing, to safeguard one another's classified information according to specific protection standards.

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a. True
b. False
ANSWER: TRUE

7. The United States contributes significantly to NATO's rising importance in cybersecurity.
    a. True
    b. False
    ANSWER: TRUE

Short Answer

1. Explain the "borderless" phenomena that exists in relation to the jurisdictional boundaries of the U.S.
    a. As a result of accelerating technological innovation, time and space have been dramatically compressed such that global flows today are non-stop. Globalization is the cumulative effect of these trends: a 24/7/365 movement around the world of capital, labor, cargo, people, goods, services, ideas, images, data, and electrons instantaneously and continuously. Today these flows often operate independent of governments. They are the decisions of actors such as multinational corporations and transnational criminal organizations.

2. The U.S. military campaign to stop terrorists overseas has taken numerous forms. Choose one example and discuss its connection to homeland security.
    a. Student answers will vary, but may touch on operations in the Middle East

3. Describe the use of the exercise "Cyber Storm" in evaluating cybersecurity.
    a. DHS has also leveraged its relationships with foreign governments and international organizations to advance U.S. cybersecurity interests. For example, since 2006, DHS has organized a biennial exercise called "**Cyber Storm**" to evaluate the abilities of U.S. entities and U.S. allies to manage significant cyber events. The most recent of these exercises, Cyber Storm V, took place in 2016, and incorporated teams from most U.S. federal agencies, many U.S. state governments, over two dozen businesses, and twelve partner nations, including Australia, Hungary, New Zealand, and Switzerland.

4. Summarize the use of international economic sanctions to combat terrorism.
    a. These sanctions are legally enforceable prohibitions on the transfer of money or goods by sanctioned persons or organizations. They are designed to cut off terrorist financing sources. The U.S. government can exercise significant leverage to compel foreign financial institutions and governments to implement economic sanctions, since foreign financial institutions can be fined or penalized for violating economic sanctions.

5. Describe the cooperation needed to effectively handle a pandemic.

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a. The U.S. response requires cooperation among federal, state, and local government agencies, as well as private sector and non-profit actors. Students may speak to recommendations or list responses to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Short Essay

1. Explain the relationship that exists when a public sector actor and a private sector actor work together for homeland security purposes.

2. Explain how the COVID-19 pandemic creates concern for U.S. homeland security.

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