Craig's Essentials of Sonography and Patient Care 4th edition DeJong Test Bank

SKU: 9780323416344-TEST-BANK

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. The ability to imagine or have experienced what a person is going through.
   a. Compassion
   b. Empathy
   c. Sympathy
   d. Communication

   ANS: B

2. Information may be exchanged by using:
   a. words.
   b. behaviors.
   c. symbols.
   d. all the above.

   ANS: D

3. A feeling of sympathy for someone and having the desire to alleviate that person's negative state.
   a. Empathy
   b. Respect
   c. Supportive
   d. Compassion

   ANS: D

4. Being conscious of another person's situation or emotion.
   a. Autonomy
   b. Empathy
   c. Sympathy
   d. Compassion

   ANS: C

5. The exchange of information in order to reach a mutual understanding.
   a. Sympathy
   b. Empathy
   c. Compassion
   d. Communication

   ANS: D

6. When listening to a patient you should:
   a. give your full attention to the patient.
   b. find a solution for the patient's problem.
   c. place patient's name into the ultrasound unit.
   d. review previous imaging studies.

Craig's Essentials of Sonography and Patient Care 4th edition DeJong Test Bank

ANS: A

7. The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act established national standards to:
   a. educate the patient on diagnostic ultrasound.
   b. protect the patient's medical records.
   c. educate the patient on invasive procedures.
   d. protect the patient for poor patient care.

   ANS: B

8. Which of the following agencies mandates Universal Precautions?
   a. FDA
   b. AIUM
   c. OSHA
   d. HIPAA

   ANS: C

9. A chaperone is not necessary when performing which of the following ultrasound examinations?
   a. Scrotum
   b. Abdomen
   c. Breast
   d. Transvaginal

   ANS: B

10. When leaving a high-risk patient alone in the room you should:
    a. raise the height of the table.
    b. leave the door open slightly to hear the patient call for help.
    c. lower the guard rails on the bed.
    d. call a coworker to stay with the patient.

    ANS: D

11. To ease the discomfort when inserting a transvaginal transducer you should instruct the patient to:
    a. hold her breath.
    b. raise up her pelvis.
    c. keep her knees together.
    d. inhale slowly and exhale slowly through her mouth.

    ANS: D

12. What should be documented in the patient's chart when a chaperone is required during an ultrasound examination?
    a. Time of examination
    b. Type of examination
    c. Name of the chaperone
    d. Reason why chaperone was required

    ANS: C

Craig's Essentials of Sonography and Patient Care 4th edition DeJong Test Bank

13. Most obstetrics ultrasounds happen in the:
    a. outpatient setting.
    b. emergency department.
    c. labor and delivery.
    d. obstetrician's office.

    ANS: A

14. If you witness transient fetal brachycardia:
    a. call 911.
    b. place the patient in a reverse Trendelenburg position.
    c. reduce transducer pressure.
    d. place the patient in a decubitus position.

    ANS: C

15. Pregnant patients with systemic lupus erythematosus require a/an:
    a. amniocentesis.
    b. change in patient preparation.
    c. Duplex first trimester ultrasound.
    d. increase in ultrasound surveillance.

    ANS: D

16. In all obstetrical ultrasounds it is important to:
    a. decrease transducer pressure.
    b. use Doppler in the first trimester.
    c. use as much time needed to let the family view the fetus.
    d. decrease intensity level and length of exposure time to the fetus.

    ANS: D

17. Place blood pressure cuff _____ an open wound when possible.
    a. above
    b. below
    c. over
    d. above or below

    ANS: D

18. With invasive procedures the patient should sign the consent form:
    a. during examination registration.
    b. prior to scheduling the procedure.
    c. after the procedure is explain and the patient's questions are answered.
    d. prior to beginning imaging.

    ANS: C

19. What is the most common patient position during a cardiac ultrasound?
    a. Supine
    b. Left lateral decubitus
    c. Prone

Craig's Essentials of Sonography and Patient Care 4th edition DeJong Test Bank

d. Right lateral decubitus

ANS: B

20. It is important for the sonographer to _____ to the patient.
    a. listen
    b. introduce themselves
    c. explain the ultrasound examination ordered
    d. all of the above

ANS: D

Craig's Essentials of Sonography and Patient Care 4th edition DeJong Test Bank