# *Mosby's Essentials for Nursing Assistants 6th edition Sorrentino Test Bank*

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**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. A resident's son is visiting. Which will *not* protect the person's privacy?
   a. Allowing the person and her son to visit without interrupting
   b. Asking the person's son to leave while you give care
   c. Exposing the person's body in front of her son
   d. Allowing the person's son to read her e-mail to her in private

   ANS: C REF: p. 011

2. Residents of long-term care centers are informed of their rights
   a. orally and in writing.
   b. after they are admitted to the nursing center.
   c. by the doctor.
   d. only if the resident asks to receive information.

   ANS: A REF: p. 010

3. Which is *not* a patient right? The right to
   a. a clean and safe setting.
   b. privacy.
   c. be involved in care.
   d. information about other patients.

   ANS: D REF: p. 011

4. Which statement is *correct*?
   a. Restraints are used to discipline a person.
   b. Restraints are used if you feel they are needed.
   c. Restraints are used for staff convenience.
   d. Restraint use requires a doctor's order.

   ANS: D REF: p. 013

5. Restraints are ordered by the
   a. nurse.
   b. interdisciplinary health care team.
   c. doctor.
   d. the person's legal representative.

   ANS: C REF: p. 013

6. Residents of nursing centers can work for the following reasons *except*
   a. for care, care items, and privileges.
   b. if the person wants to.
   c. for activity reasons.
   d. for rehabilitation reasons.

   ANS: A REF: p. 013

Mosby's Essentials for Nursing Assistants 6th edition Sorrentino Test Bank

7. Someone who supports or promotes the needs and interests of another person in the long-term care setting is known as a/an
   a. representative.
   b. ombudsman.
   c. surveyor.
   d. director of nursing.

   ANS: B REF: p. 010

8. You have an important role in meeting standards and in the survey process. A surveyor may ask you
   a. if you arrived to work on time today.
   b. how you provide needed transportation.
   c. whether or not you are married.
   d. where you went to school.

   ANS: B REF: p. 015

9. If a resident refuses his or her morning treatment, the center must
   a. respect his or her wish and ask no further questions.
   b. threaten to call his or her family member.
   c. remove all privileges for the day until the resident takes the medication.
   d. find out the reason for the refusal and offer other treatment options.

   ANS: D REF: p. 012

10. A patient's family member asks you for the laboratory results of their mother. You
   a. show them the results but not mention them out loud.
   b. refer them to the doctor.
   c. report their request to the nurse.
   d. make a photocopy of the laboratory results for the family member.

   ANS: C REF: p. 012

11. Resident rights are a major part of
   a. Medicare and Medicaid.
   b. health maintenance organizations.
   c. Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987.
   d. The Older Americans Act.

   ANS: C REF: p. 010

12. You protect a resident's privacy during a bath by
   a. opening window shades so that the person can see outside.
   b. opening the door to the person's room.
   c. closing the privacy curtain.
   d. avoiding draping the person to prevent chilling.

   ANS: C REF: p. 012

13. An example of a resident's right is
   a. right to a job.

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b. right to information.
c. right to select his or her roommate.
d. right to elope.

ANS: B REF: p. 012

14. An example of involuntary seclusion is
a. having the person sleep in his or her room at night.
b. forcing the person to remain in his or her room during breakfast.
c. allowing the person to talk in the courtyard area during daylight hours.
d. permitting the person to remain in his or her room while it is being cleaned.

ANS: B REF: p. 013

**TRUE/FALSE**

1. You are responsible for protecting the resident's rights.

ANS: T REF: p. 010

2. The resident can visit with family and friends in private.

ANS: T REF: p. 011

3. A resident wants a bath in the evening, not in the morning. The person has the right to make this choice.

ANS: T REF: p. 016

4. A student wants to observe a treatment. The person's consent is not needed because the observer is a student.

ANS: F REF: p. 012

5. Restraints may be used for disciplining a person who has been using the call light excessively.

ANS: F REF: p. 013

6. Every person has the right to refuse treatment regardless of what the doctor suggests.

ANS: T REF: p. 012

7. It is a resident's right to have his or her privacy and confidentiality maintained of written communications only.

ANS: F REF: p. 010

8. It is a resident's right to be seen by the facility's main doctor even if the resident prefers someone else.

ANS: T REF: p. 011

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