Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

SKU: 9781264412815-SOLUTIONS

TBEXAM.COM

Chapter 2
The Investment Process

Concept Questions

1. Purchasing on margin means borrowing some of the money used to buy securities. You do it because you desire a larger position than you can afford to pay for, recognizing that using margin is a form of financial leverage. As such, your gains and losses will be magnified. Of course, you hope you only experience the gains.

2. Shorting a security means borrowing it and selling it, with the understanding that at some future date, you will buy the security and return it, thereby "covering" the short. You do it because you believe the security's value will decline, so you hope to sell high now, then buy low later.

3. Margin requirements amount to security deposits. They exist to protect your broker against losses.

4. Asset allocation means choosing among broad categories such as stocks and bonds. Security selection means picking individual assets within a particular category, such as shares of stock in particular companies.

5. Tactical asset allocation is making small, short-term adjustments to your longer-term strategic allocation. The idea is to overweight sectors with the greatest potential for gains. Since you are effectively trying to determine which sectors will perform the best, tactical asset allocation can be considered a form of market timing.

TBEXAM.COM

6. A broker conducts trades on your behalf, and in return he receives a commission. An advisor is typically a fee-based relationship, where you pay an annual percentage of assets, which covers the cost of all advice and trades. With an advisory relationship, the interests of the advisor and investor may be better aligned, as the incentive to "churn" is eliminated.

7. Probably none. The advice you receive is unconditionally *not* guaranteed. If the recommendation was grossly unsuitable or improper, then arbitration is probably your only possible means of recovery. Of course, you can close your account, or at least what's left of it.

8. If you buy (go long) 500 shares at $18, you have a total of $9,000 invested. This is the most you can lose because the worst that could happen is that the company could go bankrupt, leaving you with worthless shares. There is no limit to what you can make because there is no maximum value for your shares – they can increase in value without limit. For a short, this is reversed. The most you can make is if the stock goes to $0 and you keep the proceeds. There is no limit on the loss since shorts lose as prices rise.

9. If the asset is illiquid, it may be difficult to quickly sell it during market declines, or to purchase it during market rallies. Hence, special care should always be given to investment positions in illiquid assets, especially in times of market turmoil.

10. Traditional IRAs are tax-deferred, with withdrawals being taxed. Contributions to Roth IRAs are taxed up-front, but all deposits grow tax free. Thus, an investor who is currently in a low tax bracket (such as a college student) may prefer a Roth as the benefit of the tax-free growth outweighs the tax benefit of the traditional tax-deferred IRA.

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM – THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

TBEXAM.COM

Solutions to Questions and Problems

NOTE: All end of chapter problems were solved using a spreadsheet. Many problems require multiple steps. Due to space and readability constraints, when these intermediate steps are included in this solutions manual, rounding may appear to have occurred. However, the final answer for each problem is found without rounding during any step in the problem.

Core questions

1. Maximum investment = $\$31,000 / .60 = \$51,667$

Number of shares = $\$51,667 / \$17$ per share = $3,039.22$ (or $3,039$) shares

2. Margin loan = ($53 × 275) – $8,000 = $6,575

Margin requirement = $\$8,000 / (\$53 \times 275) = .5489$, or 54.89%

3. Terminal price = $62

Without margin = $(\$62 - 53) / \$53 = .1698$, or 16.98%

With margin = $\{(\$62 \times 275) - (\$53 \times 275)\} / \$8,000 = .3094$, or 30.94%

Terminal price = $46

Without margin = $(\$46 - 53) / \$53 = -.1321$, or −13.21%

With margin = $\{(\$46 \times 275) - (\$53 \times 275)\} / \$8,000 = -.2406$, or −24.06%

TBEXAM.COM

4. Initial deposit = .70 × ($53 × 275) = $10,202.50

Terminal price = $62

Without margin = $(\$62 - 53) / \$53 = .1698$, or 16.98%

With margin = $\{(\$62 \times 275) - (\$53 \times 275)\} / \$10,202.50 = .2426$, or 24.26%

Terminal price = $46

Without margin = $(\$46 - 53) / \$53 = -.1321$, or −13.21%

With margin = $\{(\$46 \times 275) - (\$53 \times 275)\} / \$10,202.50 = -.1887$, or −18.87%

A lower initial margin requirement will make the returns more volatile. In other words, a stock price increase will increase the return, and a stock price decrease will cause a greater loss.

5. Maximum purchase = $\$26,000 / .50 = \$52,000$

6. Amount borrowed = (500 × $38) – (500 × $38)(.50) = $9,500

Margin call price = $(\$9,500 / 500) / (1 - .35) = \$29.23$

7. Amount borrowed = (1,600 × $64)(1 – .65) = $35,840

Margin call price = $(\$35,840 / 1,600) / (1 - .40) = \$37.33$

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM - THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

$$\text{Stock price decline} = (\$37.33 - \$64) / \$64 = -.4167, \text{ or } -41.67\%$$

8. Proceeds from short sale = 1,000 × $48 = $48,000
Initial deposit = $48,000(.60) = $28,800
Account value = $48,000 + $28,800 = $76,800

$$\text{Margin call price} = \$76{,}800 / [1{,}000 + (.30 \times 1{,}000)] = \$59.08$$

9. Proceeds from short sale = 1,000($36) = $36,000
Initial deposit = $36,000(.55) = $19,800
Account value = $36,000 + 19,800 = $55,800

$$\text{Margin call price} = \$55{,}800 / [1{,}000 + (.35 \times 1{,}000)] = \$41.33$$

Account equity = $55,800 – (1,000 × $41.33) = $14,470

10. $$\text{Pretax return} = (\$101 - 84 + 2.10) / \$84 = .2274, \text{ or } 22.74\%$$

Aftertax capital gains = ($101 – 84)(1 – .30) = $11.90
Aftertax dividend yield = $2.10(1 – .15) = $1.79

$$\text{Aftertax return} = (\$11.90 + 1.79) / \$84 = .1630, \text{ or } 16.30\%$$

Intermediate questions

11.

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
3039 shares	$51,663.00	Margin loan	$20,665.20
		Account equity	30,997.80
Total	$51,663.00	Total	$51,663.00

TBEXAM.COM

Stock price = $24

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
3039 shares	$72,936.00	Margin loan	$20,665.20
		Account equity	52,270.80
Total	$72,936.00	Total	$72,936.00

$$\text{Margin} = \$52{,}270.80 / \$72{,}936 = .7167, \text{ or } 71.67\%$$

Stock price = $14

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
3039 shares	$42,546.00	Margin loan	$20,665.20
		Account equity	21,880.80
Total	$42,546.00	Total	$42,546.00

$$\text{Margin} = \$21{,}880.80 / \$42{,}546 = .5143, \text{ or } 51.43\%$$

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM – THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

TBEXAM.COM

TBEXAM.COM

12. 500 shares × $60 per share = $30,000

Initial margin = $20,000 / $30,000 = .6667, or 66.67%

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
500 shares	$30,000	Margin loan	$10,000
		Account equity	20,000
Total	$30,000	Total	$30,000

TBEXAM.COM

TBEXAM.COM

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM - THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES

Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

13. Total purchase = 500 shares × $48 = $24,000
Margin loan = $24,000 – 8,000 = $16,000

$$\text{Margin call price} = \$16,000 / \left[500 - (.30 \times 500)\right] = \$45.71$$

To meet a margin call, you can deposit additional cash into your trading account, liquidate shares until your margin requirement is met, or deposit additional marketable securities against your account as collateral.

14. Interest on loan = $16,000(1.065) = $1,040

a. Proceeds from sale = 500($56) = $28,000
Dollar return = $28,000 – 8,000 – 16,000 – 1,040 = $2,960

$$\text{Rate of return} = \$2,960 / \$8,000 = .3700, \text{ or } 37.00\%$$

$$\text{Without margin, rate of return} = (\$56 - 48) / \$48 = .1667, \text{ or } 16.67\%$$

b. Proceeds from sale = 500($48) = $24,000
Dollar return = $24,000 – 8,000 – 16,000 – 1,040 = –$1,040

$$\text{Rate of return} = -\$1,040 / \$8,000 = -.1300, \text{ or } -13.00\%$$

Without margin, rate of return = $0%

c. Proceeds from sale = 500($32) = $16,000
Dollar return = $16,000 – 8,000 – 16,000 – 1,040 = –$9,040

$$\text{Rate of return} = -\$9,040 / \$8,000 = -1.1300, \text{ or } -113.00\%$$

$$\text{Without margin, rate of return} = (\$32 - 48) / \$48 = -.3333, \text{ or } -33.33\%$$

TBEXAM.COM

15. Initial equity = (1,000 × $40)(.50) = $20,000
Amount borrowed = (1,000 × $40)(1 – .50) = $20,000
Interest = $20,000 × .0680 = $1,360
Proceeds from sale = 1,000 × $45 = $45,000
Dollar return = $45,000 – 20,000 – 20,000 – 1,360 = $3,640

$$\text{Rate of return} = \$3,640/\$20,000 = .1820, \text{ or } 18.20\%$$

16. Total purchase = 800 × $34 = $27,200
Loan = $27,200 – 15,000 = $12,200
Interest = $12,200 × .07 = $854
Proceeds from sale = 800 × $48 = $38,400
Dividends = 800 × $0.64 = $512
Dollar return = $38,400 + 512 – 15,000 – 12,200 – 854 = $10,858

$$\text{Return} = \$10,858 / \$15,000 = .7239, \text{ or } 72.39\%$$

17. $\$65,000 \times .087 \times (180 / 360) = \$2,827.50$

18. $\$75,000 \times .064 \times (60/360) = \$800$

19. $(1 + .14)^{12/7} - 1 = .2518, \text{ or } 25.18\%$

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM – THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

20. $(1 + .14)^{12/5} - 1 = .3695$, or 36.95%

All else the same, the shorter the holding period, the larger the EAR for a given holding period return.

21. Holding period return = $(\$61 - 57 + .60) / \$57 = .0807$, or 8.07%

Annualized return = $(1 + .0807)^{12/5} - 1 = .2047$, or 20.47%

22. Initial purchase = 500 × $60 = $30,000
Amount borrowed = $30,000 – 20,000 = $10,000

Interest on loan = $\$10,000(.0625)(180/360) = \$312.50$

Dividends received = 500($0.25) = $125.00
Proceeds from stock sale = 500($65) = $32,500
Dollar return = $32,500 + 125 – 10,000 – 20,000 – 312.5 = $2,312.50

Rate of return = $\$2,312.50 / \$20,000 = .1156$, or 11.56% per six months

Effective annual return = $(1 + .1156)^{12/6} - 1 = .2446$, or 24.46%

23. Proceeds from sale = 800 × $47 = $37,600
Initial margin = $37,600 × 1.00 = $37,600

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
Proceeds from sale	$37,600	Short position	$37,600
Initial margin deposit	37,600	Account equity	37,600
Total	$75,200	Total	$75,200

TBEXAM.COM

24. Proceeds from sale = 800 × $47 = $37,600
Initial margin = $37,600 × .60 = $22,560

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
Proceeds from sale	$37,600	Short position	$37,600
Initial margin deposit	22,560	Account equity	22,560
Total	$60,160	Total	$60,160

25. Proceeds from short sale = 750($96) = $72,000
Initial margin deposit = $72,000(.60) = $43,200
Total assets = Total liabilities and equity = $72,000 + 43,200 = $115,200
Cost of covering short = 750($86.50) = $64,875
Account equity = $115,200 – 64,875 = $50,325
Cost of covering dividends = 750($0.75) = $563
Dollar profit = $50,325 – 43,200 – 563 = $6,563

Rate of return = $\$6,563 / \$43,200 = .1519$, or 15.19%

26. Proceeds from sale = 600 × $72 = $43,200
Initial margin = $43,200 × .50 = $21,600

Initial Balance Sheet

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM – THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

TBEXAM.COM

TBEXAM.COM

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
Proceeds from sale	$ 43,200	Short position	$ 43,200
Initial margin deposit	21,600	Account equity	21,600
Total	$ 64,800	Total	$ 64,800

Stock price = $63

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
Proceeds from sale	$ 43,200	Short position	$ 37,800
Initial margin deposit	21,600	Account equity	27,000
Total	$ 64,800	Total	$ 64,800

$$\text{Margin} = \$27,000 / \$37,800 = .7143, \text{ or } 71.43\%$$

$$\text{Five-month return} = (\$27,000 - 21,600) / \$21,600 = .2500, \text{ or } 25.00\%$$

$$\text{Effective annual return} = (1 + .25)^{12/5} - 1 = .7084, \text{ or } 70.84\%$$

Stock price = $77

Assets			Liabilities and account equity
Proceeds from sale	$ 43,200	Short position	$ 46,200
Initial margin deposit	21,600	Account equity	18,600
Total	$ 64,800	Total	$ 64,800

TBEXAM.COM

$$\text{Margin} = \$18,600/\$46,200 = .4026, \text{ or } 40.26\%$$

$$\text{Five-month return} = (\$18,600 - 21,600)/\$21,600 = -.1389, \text{ or } -13.89\%$$

$$\text{Effective annual return} = (1 - .1389)^{12/5} - 1 = -.3015, \text{ or } -30.15\%$$

27.

TBEXAM.COM

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM – THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

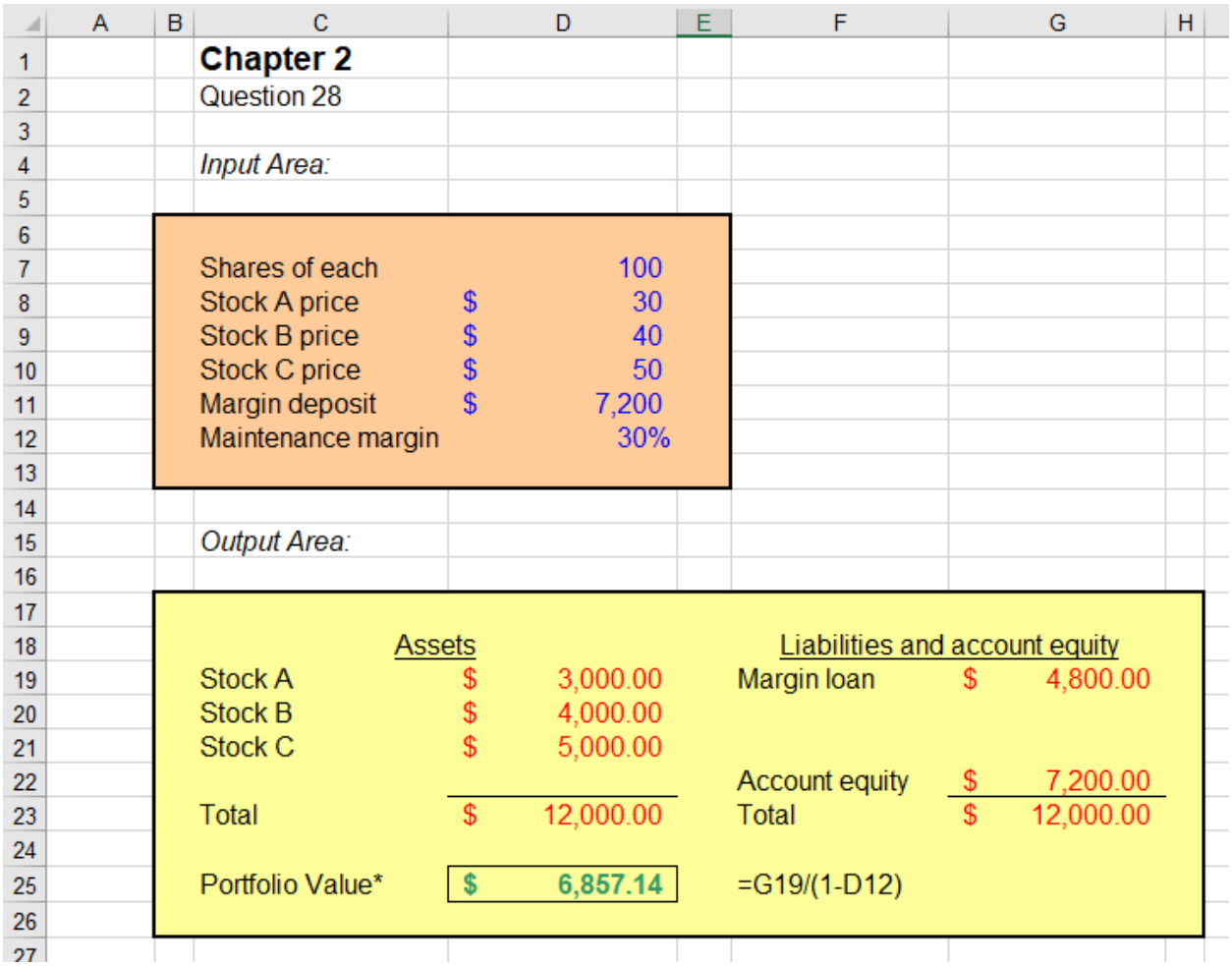
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1			**Chapter 2**					
2			Question 27					
3								
4			*Input Area:*					
5								
6								
7			Initial margin		50%			
8			Short shares		1,000			
9			Share price	$	32.00			
10			Maintenance margin		30%			
11								
12								
13			*Output Area:*					
14								
15								
16			*Assets*			*Liabilities and account equity*		
17			Proceeds from sale	$	32,000	Short position	$	32,000
18			Initial margin deposit	$	16,000	Account equity	$	16,000
19			Total	$	48,000	Total	$	48,000
20								
21			*Assets*			*Liabilities and account equity*		
22			Proceeds from sale	=D9*D8		Short position	=D8*D9	
23			Initial margin deposit	=D7*D16		Account equity	=D7*D16	
24			Total	=D16+D17		Total	=D16+D17	
25								
26			P* =	$	36.92	=((D17+D18)/D8)/(1+D10)		
27								

28.

T B E X A M . C O M

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM – THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1			**Chapter 2**					
2			Question 28					
3								
4			*Input Area:*					
5								
6								
7			Shares of each		100			
8			Stock A price	$	30			
9			Stock B price	$	40			
10			Stock C price	$	50			
11			Margin deposit	$	7,200			
12			Maintenance margin		30%			
13								
14								
15			*Output Area:*					
16								
17								
18				Assets			Liabilities and account equity	
19			Stock A	$	3,000.00	Margin loan	$	4,800.00
20			Stock B	$	4,000.00			
21			Stock C	$	5,000.00			
22						Account equity	$	7,200.00
23			Total	$	12,000.00	Total	$	12,000.00
24								
25			Portfolio Value*	$	6,857.14	=G19/(1-D12)		
26								
27								

CFA Exam Review by Kaplan Schweser

1. a

The Analee's pre-tax return objective is computed as follows:

Living expenses	$75,000
Travel expenses	15,000
College fund	20,000
Total	$110,000

Portfolio Value = $3,000,000

Income objective = $110,000 / 3,000,000 = .0367, or 3.67%

Plus inflation	3.00%
Gross Return Objective	6.67%

2. a

Their risk tolerance is average. Their liquidity needs are high due to their living expenses, yet their portfolio is large enough. Since they are in their retirement years, they will be living off their portfolio and not adding to it other than the growth in the portfolio to stay even with inflation.

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM - THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual

TBEXAM.COM

TBEXAM.COM

3. a

Although Barbara's willingness to assume risk may be high (above average) given her past entrepreneurial pursuits and because the Analee's time horizon is quite long, her ability to assume risk is average given her current income needs.

4. a

The most appropriate portfolio is A, as it provides a good balance in terms of return objectives, risk tolerance, and constraints. The portfolio provides an adequate return (8.8%) versus their requirement (6.67%), and it provides sufficient income while minimizing the impact of inflation.

Portfolio B is inappropriate because it concentrates a higher proportion of assets into VC and REITs, which are lower liquidity and higher volatility assets. Portfolio C is inappropriate because it does not meet the return objective.

TBEXAM.COM

TBEXAM.COM

© MCGRAW HILL LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO REPRODUCTION OR DISTRIBUTION WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF MCGRAW HILL LLC.

TBEXAM.COM – THE WORLD'S LARGEST TEST BANK AND SOLUTIONS DATABASE WITH UNBEATABLE RATES
Fundamentals of Investments 10th edition Jordan Solutions Manual