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SKU: 9781337564151-TEST-BANK

1. The Neolithic Revolution refers to the time when humans _____.
   a. first developed a theory of mind
   b. transitioned from a nomadic life to building villages and cities
   c. switched from animism to anthropomorphism as a religion
   d. began using logic and rational thought to develop formal philosophies

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Psychology's Pre-History
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.1 - Be familiar with how early humans explained their world including animism, anthropomorphism, "magic," and early forms of Greek religion.
TOPICS:	The Neolithic Revolution
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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2. Viewing all of nature as though it were alive is called:
   a. anthropomorphism
   b. animism
   c. primitivism
   d. mysticism

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Ancient World
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.1 - Be familiar with how early humans explained their world including animism, anthropomorphism, "magic," and early forms of Greek religion.
TOPICS:	Animism and Anthropomorphism
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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3. An ancient person believes that rocks, trees, streams, and rivers have human thoughts and emotions such as jealousy, love, and vengefulness. This person is practicing _____.

   a. anthropomorphism

   b. idealism

   c. primitivism

   d. vitalism

ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Ancient World
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.1 - Be familiar with how early humans explained their world including animism, anthropomorphism, "magic," and early forms of Greek religion.
TOPICS:	Animism and Anthropomorphism
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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4. Which statement below accurately describes the social division in ancient Greek religion?

   a. The Greek peasants were more likely to follow the Olympian religion whereas the nobility were more likely to follow the Dionysiac-Orphic religion.

   b. The Greek nobility were more likely to follow the Olympian religion whereas the peasants were more likely to follow the Dionysiac-Orphic religion.

   c. Greek men were more likely to follow the Olympian religion whereas women were more likely to follow the Dionysiac-Orphic religion

   d. Greek women were more likely to follow the Olympian religion whereas men were more likely to follow the Dionysiac-Orphic religion

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Ancient World
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.1 - Be familiar with how early humans explained their world including animism, anthropomorphism, "magic," and early forms of Greek religion.
TOPICS:	Early Greek Religion
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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5. Which element of the Dionysiac-Orphic religion influenced Judaism and Christianity?
   a. The idea of the physis
   b. The idea of orderly, rational gods
   c. The theory of mind
   d. The transmigration of the soul

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Ancient World
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.1 - Be familiar with how early humans explained their world including animism, anthropomorphism, "magic," and early forms of Greek religion.
TOPICS:	Early Greek Religion
KEYWORDS:	Apply
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6. Philosophy began:
   a. to explain how the supernatural controls natural events
   b. with the introduction of deductive reasoning
   c. when logos replaced mythos
   d. with the discovery of the brain as the center of intelligence

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	The First Philosophers
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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7. Who was the first to emphasize natural explanations and to minimize supernatural explanations?
   a. Heraclitus
   b. Anaximander
   c. Thales
   d. Democritus

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Thales
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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8. The early Greeks referred to a substance from which everything else is derived as a(n):
   a. spirit
   b. atom
   c. universal
   d. physis

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Thales
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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9. According to Anaximander, the physis was something that:
   a. was too complex to explain life
   b. was incapable of deriving into anything
   c. had a finite number of possibilities
   d. had the capability of becoming anything

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Anaximander and Heraclitus
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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10. What important epistemological question was raised by Heraclitus' philosophy?
   a. What does it mean to me?
   b. How can something be known if it is constantly changing?
   c. Why would a man want to step into the same river more than once?
   d. What constitutes the good life?

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Anaximander and Heraclitus
KEYWORDS:	Apply
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11. Parmenides believed that knowledge is attained only through rational thought because sensory experience:
    a. is a supernatural force
    b. provides illusion
    c. is illogical
    d. is a distracter from the truth

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Parmenides and Zeno
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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12. In order for an object to pass from point A to point B, it must first traverse half the distance between those two points, and then half of the remaining distance, and so forth. Therefore, A can never logically reach point B. This scenario best illustrates:
    a. the relativity of truth
    b. philosophical inconsistency
    c. a Kuhnian paradigm clash
    d. Zeno's paradox

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Parmenides and Zeno
KEYWORDS:	Apply
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13. Pythagoras and his followers applied _____ to almost every aspect of human existence.
    a. inductive reasoning
    b. mathematical principles
    c. religious teachings
    d. their answer to the mind-body problem

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Pythagoras
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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14. Which aspect of Empedocles' philosophy might be used to explain the types of intrapersonal and extrapersonal conflicts described later in history by Freud?
    a. The transmigration of the soul
    b. The forces of love and strife that wax and wane within us
    c. The elements of earth, fire, air, and water
    d. The clashes of atoms

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Empedocles
KEYWORDS:	Apply
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15. Empedocles assumed that perception results when:
    a. vibrations from external objects stimulate sense receptors
    b. sensory information is analyzed by the brain
    c. eidola enters the pores of the body and mixes with elements found in the blood
    d. sensations interact with memories of prior experiences

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Empedocles
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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16. No matter how complex something is, Democritus believed that it can be explained in terms of atoms and their activity. This view is referred to as:
    a. solipsism
    b. animism
    c. elementism
    d. material cause

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Democritus
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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17. Because Democritus attempted to explain events occurring in one domain (observable phenomena) in terms of events occurring in another domain (the arrangements of atoms), he is considered a(n):

a. elementist

b. reductionist

c. physicist

d. Orphist

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Democritus
KEYWORDS:	Apply
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18. For Democritus, perception occurred when atoms emanating from the surface of objects entered the ____ and were transmitted to the ____.

a. pores of the body; heart

b. sensory systems of the body; brain

c. pores of the body; liver

d. sensory systems of the body; heart

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The First Philosophers
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	Democritus
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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19. The early physician, Alcmaeon, proposed:
    a. that health resulted from a balance of qualities in the body
    b. the physician's job was to help the patient focus energy on the mind
    c. that sensation, memory, thinking, and understanding occurred in the heart
    d. mental acuity was achieved when our physical state disconnects from our mental state

ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Early Greek Medicine
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.3 - Be familiar with early Greek medicine and its influence on later medicine.
TOPICS:	Alcmaeon
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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20. The Hippocratics believed that physical illness was caused by:
    a. possession by evil spirits
    b. a life characterized by hedonism
    c. an imbalance of the four bodily humors
    d. the patient's inner desire to be ill

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Early Greek Medicine
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.3 - Be familiar with early Greek medicine and its influence on later medicine.
TOPICS:	Hippocrates
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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21. According to the Hippocratics, physicians assign supernatural causes to a disease in order to:
    a. charge larger fees for their services
    b. make the disease more comprehensible to their patient
    c. mask their ignorance concerning the nature of the disease
    d. cure the disease more effectively

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Early Greek Medicine
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.3 - Be familiar with early Greek medicine and its influence on later medicine.
TOPICS:	Hippocrates
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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22. The "cures" proposed by the Hippocratics included:
    a. fervent prayer and supplication to the Gods
    b. traveling to special holy sites
    c. rest, proper diet, exercise, fresh air, massage, and baths
    d. putting their essence in connection with the essence of the Gods

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Early Greek Medicine
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.3 - Be familiar with early Greek medicine and its influence on later medicine.
TOPICS:	Hippocrates
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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23. According to the Sophists, what is it that determines if an idea is accepted as the truth?
    a. The truthfulness of the idea
    b. How effectively the idea is communicated
    c. The scientific evidence offered to support the idea
    d. The idea's usefulness

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Sophists and Socrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.4 - Be familiar with the relativity of truth and the Sophists.
TOPICS:	The Sophists and Socrates
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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24. Protagorus, the best known Sophist, presented the Sophist's position. Which of the following statements best represents his position?
    a. Truth depends on the physical reality, not on the perceiver
    b. What is truth should not be affected by the culture one lives in
    c. Perceptions vary from person to person because previous experiences affect perceptions
    d. Perceptions are similar from person to person because we all share a similar reality

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Sophists and Socrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.4 - Be familiar with the relativity of truth and the Sophists.
TOPICS:	Protagoras
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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25. The Sophist position exemplifies _____ because the self can be aware of nothing but its own experiences and mental states.

a. solipsism

b. reactionism

c. dualism

d. reductionism

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Sophists and Socrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.4 - Be familiar with the relativity of truth and the Sophists.
TOPICS:	Gorgias
KEYWORDS:	Apply
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26. Which statement best represents the beliefs of Gorgias?

a. If animals could describe their gods, those gods would have animal characteristics.

b. There is no objective way of determining truth.

c. We share a reality and a similar perception of reality.

d. Empirical evidence is the determinant of truth.

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Sophists and Socrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.4 - Be familiar with the relativity of truth and the Sophists.
TOPICS:	Gorgias
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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27. Xenophanes believed that:
    a. religious and moral "truths" are innate
    b. if animals could convey their impression of gods, those gods would have animal characteristics
    c. using the techniques of inductive definition, objective truth can be ascertained
    d. the only way to arrive at truth is to introspect on the contents of the soul

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Sophists and Socrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.4 - Be familiar with the relativity of truth and the Sophists.
TOPICS:	Xenophanes
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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28. Socrates used the method of ____ to determine what all examples of a concept such as beauty have in common.
    a. Sophistry
    b. inductive definition
    c. introspection
    d. logical deduction

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Sophists and Socrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.5 - Understand Socrates' method of inductive definition, his reaction to the relativity of the Sophists and the goal of life.
TOPICS:	Socrates
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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29. For Socrates, essences were:
    a. impossible to determine
    b. verbal definitions
    c. transcendental truths
    d. unimportant

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Sophists and Socrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.5 - Understand Socrates' method of inductive definition, his reaction to the relativity of the Sophists and the goal of life.
TOPICS:	Socrates
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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30. Plato's theory of forms is best represented by the statement: The cats that we see are:
    a. superior copies of an abstract incomplete form of "catness"
    b. inferior copies of an abstract pure idea of "catness"
    c. manifestations of our sensory processes but in actuality we cannot know if they exist
    d. concrete forms born of our sensory processes, proving their existence

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Plato
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.6 - Understand Plato's philosophy of the world, including the theory of forms, and use of empirical knowledge, the allegory of the cave, reminiscence theory of knowledge, his theory of knowledge, his tripartite nature of the soul, and his impact on science.
TOPICS:	The Theory of Forms or Ideas
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31. Who had a huge influence on Plato's thinking in different stages of his life?
    a. Heraclitus and the Epicureans
    b. Aristotle and the Scholastics
    c. Socrates and the Pythagoreans
    d. Gorgias and the Cynics

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Plato
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.6 - Understand Plato's philosophy of the world, including the theory of forms, and use of empirical knowledge, the allegory of the cave, reminiscence theory of knowledge, his theory of knowledge, his tripartite nature of the soul, and his impact on science.
TOPICS:	Plato
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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32. The allegory of the cave demonstrates:
    a. how difficult it is to deliver humans from ignorance
    b. there is no objective truth
    c. that most humans have a passionate desire to know the truth
    d. that learning is remembering

ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Plato
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.6 - Understand Plato's philosophy of the world, including the theory of forms, and use of empirical knowledge, the allegory of the cave, reminiscence theory of knowledge, his theory of knowledge, his tripartite nature of the soul, and his impact on science.
TOPICS:	The Allegory of the Cave
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33. Plato's analogy of the divided line illustrates:
    a. the influences of the soul
    b. an existence in the shadows of reality
    c. the need for sensory experience
    d. a hierarchy of understanding

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Plato
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.6 - Understand Plato's philosophy of the world, including the theory of forms, and use of empirical knowledge, the allegory of the cave, reminiscence theory of knowledge, his theory of knowledge, his tripartite nature of the soul, and his impact on science.
TOPICS:	The Analogy of the Divided Line
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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34. According to Plato's reminiscence theory of knowledge, all knowledge is:
    a. personal opinion
    b. innate
    c. derived from sensory experience
    d. culturally determined

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Plato
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.6 - Understand Plato's philosophy of the world, including the theory of forms, and use of empirical knowledge, the allegory of the cave, reminiscence theory of knowledge, his theory of knowledge, his tripartite nature of the soul, and his impact on science.
TOPICS:	The Reminiscence Theory of Knowledge
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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35. According to Plato, whether one is a philosopher-king, a soldier, or a slave, is largely determined by:
    a. personal effort
    b. educational experience
    c. the social influence of one's parents
    d. biological inheritance

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Plato
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.6 - Understand Plato's philosophy of the world, including the theory of forms, and use of empirical knowledge, the allegory of the cave, reminiscence theory of knowledge, his theory of knowledge, his tripartite nature of the soul, and his impact on science.
TOPICS:	The Nature of the Soul
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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36. Plato believed that the ideal society would be governed by:
    a. God
    b. common people
    c. philosopher-kings
    d. soldiers

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Plato
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.6 - Understand Plato's philosophy of the world, including the theory of forms, and use of empirical knowledge, the allegory of the cave, reminiscence theory of knowledge, his theory of knowledge, his tripartite nature of the soul, and his impact on science.
TOPICS:	The Nature of the Soul
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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37. According to Plato, the supreme goal in life should be to:
    a. give all components of the soul equal expression
    b. return to the world beyond the world
    c. be courageous in the face of danger
    d. free the soul as much as possible from the adulterations of the flesh

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Plato
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.6 - Understand Plato's philosophy of the world, including the theory of forms, and use of empirical knowledge, the allegory of the cave, reminiscence theory of knowledge, his theory of knowledge, his tripartite nature of the soul, and his impact on science.
TOPICS:	The Nature of the Soul
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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38. According to Aristotle, the particular form or pattern of an object is its ____ cause.
    a. material
    b. formal
    c. efficient
    d. final

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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39. According to Aristotle, the energy of the baker who creates magnificent wedding cake is the _____ cause of the cake.

a. material

b. formal

c. efficient

d. final

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Causation and Teleology
KEYWORDS:	Apply
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40. If the reason why a bicycle was created was to transport a person from point A to point B, that purpose of a bicycle is its _____ cause.

a. material

b. formal

c. efficient

d. final

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Causation and Teleology
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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41. According to Aristotle, the ____kept an object moving or developing in its prescribed direction until its full potential was reached.

a. entelechy

b. instincts

c. form of the good

d. rational mind

ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Causation and Teleology
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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42. Because Aristotle assumed that everything in nature exists for a purpose, his theory is labeled:

a. religious

b. empirical

c. teleological

d. nativistic

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Causation and Teleology
KEYWORDS:	Apply
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43. According to Aristotle, we perceive environmental objects because:
    a. tiny copies of them enter the pores of the body
    b. their movement influences a medium, which in turn stimulates one or more of the five senses
    c. their eidola go through one or more of the five senses and then to the heart
    d. their eidola go through one or more of the five senses and then to the brain

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Sensation and Reason
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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44. Aristotle postulated ____ as the mechanism that coordinates information from the five senses.
    a. the mind
    b. the soul
    c. the entelechy
    d. common sense

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Sensation and Reason
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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45. For Aristotle, sensory experience:
    a. is the only thing necessary for attaining knowledge
    b. is unnecessary for attaining knowledge
    c. is necessary but not sufficient for attaining knowledge
    d. inhibits the attainment of knowledge

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Sensation and Reason
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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46. According to Aristotle, the unmoved mover:
    a. is God
    b. is nature
    c. sets nature in motion and does little else
    d. has distinctly human qualities

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Causation and Teleology
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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47. According to Aristotle, ____ is a spontaneous recollection of something that had been previously experienced and ____ involves an actual mental search for a past experience.

a. recall; remembering

b. remembering; recall

c. reminiscence; association

d. association; remembering

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Memory and Recall
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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48. The law of ____ states that if we think of something, we will also tend to recall the things we experienced along with it.

a. similarity

b. frequency

c. contrast

d. contiguity

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Memory and Recall
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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49. What aspect of Aristotle's philosophy became the cornerstone of most modern theories of learning?
    a. The reminiscence theory of knowledge
    b. The laws of association
    c. The notion of common sense
    d. The assumption that the souls of the living organisms are arranged in a hierarchy

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Memory and Recall
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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50. According to Aristotle, ____ is explained as the lingering effects of sensory experience.
    a. common sense
    b. imagination
    c. *scala naturae*
    d. entelechy

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Imagination and Dreaming
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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51. What was the basic difference between Plato and Aristotle?

ANSWER:	While both Plato and Aristotle were interested in essences, they went about discovering those essences very differently. For Plato, essences corresponded to forms that existed independently of nature and could only be arrived at through introspection. For Aristotle, essences could best be known by studying nature.
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Essay
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	The Basic Differences between Plato and Aristotle
KEYWORDS:	Understand
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52. Describe Aristotle's three types of souls and the kinds of attributes living things with each type of soul possess.

ANSWER:	According to Aristotle, the three types of souls are vegetative, sensitive, and rational. The vegetative soul is possessed by plants and allows only for growth, assimilation of food, and reproduction. The sensitive soul is possessed by nonhuman animals. It allows for everything the vegetative soul can do plus can sense and respond to the environment, experience pleasure and pain, and have a memory. The rational soul is possessed by humans alone. It allows for everything the sensitive soul can do plus allows thinking or rational thought.
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Aristotle
QUESTION TYPE:	Essay
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.7 - Be acquainted with and understand Aristotle's philosophy and his treatment of various topics including causation and teology, sensation and reason, memory and recall, and motivation and emotion.
TOPICS:	Causation and Teleology
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53. Why were the early Greek philosophers important to the field of psychology?

ANSWER:	According to Popper, science began when humans first began to question the stories they were told about themselves and the world, and the tradition of critically discuss issues, especially with Thales' encouragement of criticism, which opened up the possibility that our scientific inquiry would never have an end, but would always be capable of improvement.
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	The Importance of Early Greek Philosophy
QUESTION TYPE:	Essay
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	2.2 - Be acquainted with the pre-Socratic philosophers.
TOPICS:	The Importance of Early Greek Philosophy
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