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CHAPTER 2
ANALYZING TRANSACTIONS

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

1. An account is a form designed to record changes in a particular asset, liability, owner's equity, revenue, or expense. A ledger is a group of related accounts.

2. The terms *debit* and *credit* may signify either an increase or a decrease, depending upon the nature of the account. For example, debits signify an increase in asset and expense accounts but a decrease in liability, owner's equity, and revenue accounts.

3. **a.** Assuming that no errors have occurred, the credit balance in the cash account resulted from drawing checks for $1,850 in excess of the amount of cash on deposit.

b. The $1,850 credit balance in the cash account as of December 31 is a liability owed to the bank. It is usually referred to as an "overdraft."

4. **a.** The revenue was earned in October.

b. (1) Debit Accounts Receivable and credit Fees Earned or another appropriately titled revenue account in October.

(2) Debit Cash and credit Accounts Receivable in November.

5. No. Errors may have been made that had the same erroneous effect on both debits and credits, such as failing to record and/or post a transaction, recording the same transaction more than once, and posting a transaction correctly but to the wrong account.

6. Recording $9,800 instead of the correct amount of $8,900 is a transposition. Recording $100 instead of the correct amount of $1,000 is a slide.

7. **a.** No. Because the same error occurred on both the debit side and the credit side of the trial balance, the trial balance would not be out of balance.

b. Yes. The trial balance would not balance. The error would cause the debit total of the trial balance to exceed the credit total by $90.

8. **a.** The equality of the trial balance would not be affected.

b. On the income statement, total operating expenses (salary expense) would be overstated by $7,500, and net income would be understated by $7,500. On the statement of owner's equity, the beginning and ending owner's capital would be correct. The understatement of net income understates owner's equity by $7,500, while the understatement of withdrawals overstates owner's equity by $7,500. Thus, ending owner's equity is correct. The balance sheet is not affected by the error.

9. **a.** The equality of the trial balance would not be affected.

b. On the income statement, revenues (fees earned) would be overstated by $300,000, and net income would be overstated by $300,000. On the statement of owner's equity, the beginning capital would be correct. However, net income and ending capital would be overstated by $300,000. The balance sheet total assets is correct. However, liabilities (notes payable) is understated by $300,000, and owner's equity is overstated by $300,000. The understatement of liabilities is offset by the overstatement of owner's equity, and thus, total liabilities and owner's equity is correct.

10. **a.** From the viewpoint of Surety Storage, the balance of the checking account represents an asset.

b. From the viewpoint of Ada Savings Bank, the balance of the checking account represents a liability.

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PRACTICE EXERCISES

PE 2-1A

1. Debit and credit entries (c), normal debit balance
2. Credit entries only (b), normal credit balance
3. Credit entries only (b), normal credit balance
4. Debit entries only (a), normal debit balance
5. Credit entries only (b), normal credit balance
6. Debit and credit entries (c), normal credit balance

PE 2-1B

1. Debit and credit entries (c), normal credit balance
2. Debit and credit entries (c), normal debit balance
3. Debit entries only (a), normal debit balance
4. Debit entries only (a), normal debit balance
5. Debit entries only (a), normal debit balance
6. Credit entries only (b), normal credit balance

PE 2-2A

Feb.	19	Office Equipment	14,800	
		Cash		3,600
		Accounts Payable		11,200

PE 2-2B

Sept.	30	Office Supplies	1,900	
		Cash		600
		Accounts Payable		1,300

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PE 2-3A

Apr.	30	Accounts Receivable	12,980	
		Fees Earned		12,980

PE 2-3B

Aug.	13	Cash	7,480	
		Fees Earned		7,480

PE 2-4A

Dec.	23	Graeme Schneider, Drawing	27,000	
		Cash		27,000

PE 2-4B

June	30	Claire Hope, Drawing	9,500	
		Cash		9,500

PE 2-5A

Using the following T account, solve for the amount of cash receipts (indicated by ? below).

Cash			
July 1 Bal.	42,830	132,500	Cash payments
Cash receipts	?		
July 31 Bal.	33,850		

$33,850 = $42,830 + Cash receipts – $132,500
Cash receipts = $33,850 + $132,500 – $42,830 = $123,520

PE 2-5B

Using the following T account, solve for the amount of supplies expense (indicated by ? below).

Supplies			
Aug. 1 Bal.	1,240	?	Supplies expense
Supplies purchased	3,760		
Aug. 31 Bal.	1,600		

$1,600 = $1,240 + $3,760 – Supplies expense
Supplies expense = $1,240 + $3,760 – $1,600 = $3,400

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PE 2-6A

a. The trial balance totals are unequal. The debit total is higher by $900 ($9,800 – $8,900).

b. The trial balance totals are equal because both the debit and credit entries were journalized and posted for $530.

c. The trial balance totals are unequal. The debit total is higher by $5,800 ($2,900 + $2,900).

PE 2-6B

a. The trial balance totals are equal because both the debit and credit entries were journalized and posted for $14,200.

b. The trial balance totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by $360 ($1,730 – $1,370).

c. The trial balance totals are unequal. The debit total is higher by $4,500 ($7,250 – $2,750).

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PE 2-7A

a.

Journal Entry That Was Made in Error			Journal Entry That Should Have Been Made		
Miscellaneous Expense	3,220		Rent Expense	3,220	
Rent Expense		3,220	Cash		3,220

Comparison

Rent Expense instead of Miscellaneous Expense should have been debited. Cash instead of Rent Expense should have been credited. The debit and credit amount of $3,220 is correct.

Correcting Journal Entries

Rent Expense	3,220	
Miscellaneous Expense		3,220
Rent Expense	3,220	
Cash		3,220

Note: **The first entry reverses the incorrect entry, and the second entry is what should have been recorded initially. These two entries could have been combined into one entry; however, preparing two entries makes it easier for someone later to understand what happened and why the entries were necessary.**

b.

Journal Entry That Was Made in Error			Journal Entry That Should Have Been Made		
Cash	5,080		Cash	5,080	
Accounts Payable		5,080	Accounts Receivable		5,080

Comparison

Accounts Receivable instead of Accounts Payable should have been credited.

Correcting Journal Entry

Accounts Payable	5,080	
Accounts Receivable		5,080

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PE 2-7B

a.

Journal Entry That Was Made in Error			Journal Entry That Should Have Been Made		
Accounts Receivable	10,700		Cash	10,700	
Fees Earned		10,700	Fees Earned		10,700

Comparison

Cash instead of Accounts Receivable should have been debited.

Correcting Journal Entry

Cash	10,700	
Accounts Receivable		10,700

b.

Journal Entry That Was Made in Error			Journal Entry That Should Have Been Made		
Office Equipment	4,300		Supplies	4,300	
Supplies		4,300	Accounts Payable		4,300

Comparison

Supplies instead of Office Equipment should have been debited.
Accounts Payable instead of Supplies should have been credited.
The debit and credit amount of $4,300 is correct.

Correcting Journal Entries

Supplies	4,300	
Office Equipment		4,300
Supplies	4,300	
Accounts Payable		4,300

Note: **The first entry reverses the incorrect entry, and the second entry is what should have been recorded initially. These two entries could have been combined into one entry; however, preparing two entries makes it easier for someone later to understand what happened and why the entries were necessary.**

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PE 2-8A

Vaughn Company Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31				
			Increase/(Decrease)	
	20Y1	20Y0	Amount	Percent
Fees earned	$716,800	$896,000	$(179,200)	(20%)
Operating expenses	557,760	672,000	(114,240)	(17%)
Net income	$159,040	$224,000	$ (64,960)	(29%)

PE 2-8B

Satterfield Company Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31				
	20Y1	20Y0	Increase/(Decrease)	
			Amount	Percent
Fees earned	$3,068,200	$2,645,000	$423,200	16.0%
Operating expenses	2,281,600	1,984,000	297,600	15.0%
Net income	$ 786,600	$ 661,000	$125,600	19.0%

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EXERCISES

Ex. 2-1

Balance Sheet Accounts	Income Statement Accounts
Assets	**Revenues**
Cash	Cargo Revenue
Accounts Receivable	Passenger Revenue
Property and Equipment	
Fuel Inventory	
Parts and Supplies	
Prepaid Expenses	
Liabilities	**Expenses**
Accounts Payable	Aircraft Fuel (Expense)
Air Traffic Liability[a]	Aircraft Maintenance (Expense)
Loyalty Program (Obligations)[b]	Aircraft Rent (Expense)
Accrued Salaries (Obligations)	Regional Carriers Expense[c]
	Landing Fees (Expense)[d]
	Passenger Commissions (Expense)[e]
Owner's Equity	
None	

[a] Passenger ticket sales for future flights
[b] Obligations to provide frequent flyers future travel and other benefits
[c] Payments to other airlines for passenger travel under Delta tickets
[d] Fees paid to airports for landing rights
[e] Commissions paid to travel agents for passenger bookings

Ex. 2-2

Account	Account Number
Accounts Payable	21
Accounts Receivable	12
Cash	11
Fees Earned	41
Fred Biggs, Capital	31
Fred Biggs, Drawing	32
Land	13
Miscellaneous Expense	53
Supplies Expense	52
Wages Expense	51

Note: **Expense accounts are normally listed in order of magnitude from largest to smallest with Miscellaneous Expense always listed last. Since Wages Expense is normally larger than Supplies Expense, Wages Expense is listed as account number 51 and Supplies Expense as account number 52.**

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Ex. 2-3

Balance Sheet Accounts	Income Statement Accounts
1. Assets	**4. Revenue**
11 Cash	41 Fees Earned
12 Accounts Receivable	
13 Supplies	**5. Expenses**
14 Prepaid Insurance	51 Wages Expense
15 Equipment	52 Rent Expense
	53 Supplies Expense
2. Liabilities	59 Miscellaneous Expense
21 Accounts Payable	
22 Unearned Rent	
3. Owner's Equity	
31 Lorri Ross, Capital	
32 Lorri Ross, Drawing	

Note: **The order of some of the accounts within the major classifications is somewhat arbitrary, as in accounts 13–14, accounts 21–22, and accounts 51–53. In a new business, the order of magnitude of balances in such accounts is not determinable in advance. The magnitude may also vary from period to period.**

Ex. 2-4

a.	debit	g.	debit
b.	credit	h.	credit
c.	debit	i.	debit
d.	credit	j.	credit
e.	credit	k.	debit
f.	debit	l.	debit

Ex. 2-5

1. debit and credit entries (c)
2. debit and credit entries (c)
3. debit and credit entries (c)
4. credit entries only (b)
5. debit entries only (a)
6. debit entries only (a)
7. debit entries only (a)

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Ex. 2-6

a. Liability—credit
b. Asset—debit
c. Owner's equity (Ashley Griffin, Capital)—credit
d. Owner's equity (Ashley Griffin, Drawing)—debit
e. Asset—debit
f. Revenue—credit
g. Asset—debit
h. Expense—debit
i. Asset—debit
j. Expense—debit

Ex. 2-7

20Y3				
Oct.	1	Rent Expense	4,800	
		Cash		4,800
	3	Advertising Expense	2,500	
		Cash		2,500
	5	Supplies	1,390	
		Cash		1,390
	6	Office Equipment	10,670	
		Accounts Payable		10,670
	10	Cash	19,730	
		Accounts Receivable		19,730
	15	Accounts Payable	9,480	
		Cash		9,480
	27	Miscellaneous Expense	530	
		Cash		530
	30	Utilities Expense	220	
		Cash		220
	31	Accounts Receivable	38,620	
		Fees Earned		38,620
	31	Utilities Expense	1,540	
		Cash		1,540
	31	Michael Short, Drawing	6,700	
		Cash		6,700

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Ex. 2-8

a.

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Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y4					
Sept.	18	Supplies	15	8,710	
		Accounts Payable	21		8,710
		Purchased supplies on account.			

b., c., d.

Account: Supplies Account No. 15

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance	
						Debit	Credit
20Y4							
Sept.	1	Balance	✓			2,960	
	18		87	8,710		11,670	

Account: Accounts Payable Account No. 21

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance	
						Debit	Credit
20Y4							
Sept.	1	Balance	✓				38,400
	18		87		8,710		47,110

e. Yes. The rules of debit and credit apply to all companies.

Ex. 2-9

a.

(1)	Accounts Receivable	73,900	
	Fees Earned		73,900
(2)	Supplies	1,960	
	Accounts Payable		1,960
(3)	Cash	62,770	
	Accounts Receivable		62,770
(4)	Accounts Payable	820	
	Cash		820

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Ex. 2-9 (Concluded)

b.

Cash			
(3)	62,770	(4)	820

Accounts Payable			
(4)	820	(2)	1,960

Supplies			
(2)	1,960		

Fees Earned			
		(1)	73,900

Accounts Receivable			
(1)	73,900	(3)	62,770

c. **No. An error may not have necessarily occurred. A credit balance in Accounts Receivable could occur if a customer overpaid his or her account. Regardless, the credit balance should be investigated to verify that an error has not occurred.**

Ex. 2-10

a. **The increase of $140,000 ($515,000 – $375,000) in the cash account does not indicate net income of that amount. Net income is the excess of revenues over expenses and is normally not the same as the change in the cash account.**

b. **$60,000 ($200,000 – $140,000)**

or

Cash	
X	375,000
515,000	
200,000	

X + $515,000 – $375,000 = $200,000
X = $200,000 – $515,000 + $375,000
X = $60,000

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Ex. 2-11

a.

Accounts Payable

			Feb. 1	X
	194,500			210,400
			Feb. 28	62,500

X + $210,400 – $194,500 = $62,500
X = $62,500 + $194,500 – $210,400
X = $46,600

b.

Accounts Receivable

Oct.	1	121,100		470,500
		X		
Oct.	31	136,800		

$121,100 + X – $470,500 = $136,800
X = $136,800 + $470,500 – $121,100
X = $486,200

c.

Cash

Apr.	1	48,350		X
		260,060		
Apr.	30	59,390		

$48,350 + $260,060 – X = $59,390
X = $48,350 + $260,060 – $59,390
X = $249,020

Ex. 2-12

a. Credit balance of $170,000 ($500,000 – $10,000 – $320,000).

b. Yes. The balance sheet prepared at December 31 will balance, with Terrace Waters, Capital, being reported in the owner's equity section as $170,000.

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Ex. 2-13

a. and b.

	Account Debited		Account Credited	
Transaction	Type	Effect	Type	Effect
(1)	asset	+	owner's equity	+
(2)	asset	+	asset	–
(3)	asset	+	asset	–
			liability	+
(4)	expense	+	asset	–
(5)	asset	+	revenue	+
(6)	liability	–	asset	–
(7)	asset	+	asset	–
(8)	expense	+	asset	–
(9)	drawing	+	asset	–

Ex. 2-14

(1)	Cash	97,000	
	Mary Silva, Capital		97,000
(2)	Supplies	1,160	
	Cash		1,160
(3)	Equipment	10,350	
	Accounts Payable		8,280
	Cash		2,070
(4)	Operating Expenses	8,120	
	Cash		8,120
(5)	Accounts Receivable	15,910	
	Fees Earned		15,910
(6)	Accounts Payable	3,490	
	Cash		3,490
(7)	Cash	10,540	
	Accounts Receivable		10,540
(8)	Operating Expenses	850	
	Supplies		850
(9)	Mary Silva, Drawing	3,200	
	Cash		3,200

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Ex. 2-15

a.

Emerald Tours Co. Unadjusted Trial Balance May 31, 20Y5		
	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	89,500	
Accounts Receivable	5,370	
Supplies	310	
Equipment	10,350	
Accounts Payable		4,790
Mary Silva, Capital		97,000
Mary Silva, Drawing	3,200	
Fees Earned		15,910
Operating Expenses	8,970	
	117,700	117,700

b. **Net income, $6,940 ($15,910 – $8,970)**

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Ex. 2-16

Hickory Furniture Company Unadjusted Trial Balance December 31, 20Y6		
	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	33,320*	
Accounts Receivable	116,900	
Supplies	4,275	
Prepaid Insurance	21,600	
Land	50,000	
Accounts Payable		42,770
Unearned Rent		12,000
Notes Payable		50,000
Elaine Wells, Capital		75,000
Elaine Wells, Drawing	24,000	
Fees Earned		745,230
Wages Expense	580,700	
Rent Expense	48,000	
Utilities Expense	26,850	
Supplies Expense	6,255	
Insurance Expense	3,600	
Miscellaneous Expense	9,500	
	925,000	925,000

* $33,320 = $925,000 – $9,500 – $3,600 – $6,255 – $26,850 – $48,000 – $580,700 – $24,000 – $50,000 – $21,600 – $4,275 – $116,900

Ex. 2-17

Inequality of trial balance totals would be caused by errors described in (c) and (e). For (c), the debit total would exceed the credit total by $9,900 ($4,950 + $4,950). For (e), the credit total would exceed the debit total by $17,100 ($19,000 – $1,900).

Errors (b), (c), (d), and (e) would require correcting entries. Although it is not a correcting entry, the entry that was not made in (a) should also be entered in the journal.

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Ex. 2-18

Ranger Co. Unadjusted Trial Balance August 31, 20Y7		
	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	15,500	
Accounts Receivable	46,750	
Prepaid Insurance	12,000	
Equipment	190,000	
Accounts Payable		24,600
Unearned Rent		5,400
Carmen Meeks, Capital		110,000
Carmen Meeks, Drawing	13,000	
Fees Earned		385,000
Wages Expense	213,000	
Advertising Expense	16,350	
Miscellaneous Expense	18,400	
	525,000	525,000

Ex. 2-19

Error	(a) Out of Balance	(b) Difference	(c) Larger Total
1.	yes	$6,000	debit
2.	no	—	—
3.	yes	5,400	credit
4.	yes	480	debit
5.	no	—	—
6.	yes	90	credit
7.	yes	360	credit

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Ex. 2-20

1. **The Debit column total is added incorrectly. The sum is $890,700 rather than $1,189,300.**
2. **The trial balance should be dated "July 31, 20Y3," not "For the Month Ending July 31, 20Y3."**
3. **The Accounts Receivable balance should be in the Debit column.**
4. **The Accounts Payable balance should be in the Credit column.**
5. **The Samuel Parson, Drawing, balance should be in the Debit column.**
6. **The Advertising Expense balance should be in the Debit column.**

A corrected trial balance would be as follows:

Mascot Co.
Unadjusted Trial Balance
July 31, 20Y3

	Account No.	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	11	36,000	
Accounts Receivable	12	112,600	
Prepaid Insurance	13	18,000	
Equipment	14	375,000	
Accounts Payable	21		53,300
Salaries Payable	22		7,500
Samuel Parson, Capital	31		297,200
Samuel Parson, Drawing	32	17,000	
Fees Earned	41		682,000
Salary Expense	51	396,800	
Advertising Expense	52	73,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	59	11,600	
		1,040,000	1,040,000

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Ex. 2-21

a.

Journal Entry That Was Made in Error			Journal Entry That Should Have Been Made		
Insurance Expense	18,000		Prepaid Insurance	18,000	
Prepaid Insurance		18,000	Cash		18,000

Comparison

Prepaid Insurance instead of Insurance Expense should have been debited. Cash instead of Prepaid Insurance should have been credited. The debit and credit amount of $18,000 is correct.

Correcting Journal Entries

Prepaid Insurance	18,000	
Insurance Expense		18,000
Prepaid Insurance	18,000	
Cash		18,000

Note: **The first entry reverses the incorrect entry, and the second entry is what should have been recorded initially. These two entries could have been combined into one entry; however, preparing two entries makes it easier for someone later to understand what happened and why the entries were necessary.**

b.

Journal Entry That Was Made in Error			Journal Entry That Should Have Been Made		
Wages Expense	10,000		Brian Phillips, Drawing	10,000	
Cash		10,000	Cash		10,000

Comparison

Brian Phillips, Drawing instead of Wages Expense should have been debited.

Correcting Journal Entry

Brian Phillips, Drawing	10,000	
Wages Expense		10,000

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Ex. 2-22

a.

Journal Entry That Was Made in Error			Journal Entry That Should Have Been Made		
Fees Earned	8,800		Cash	8,800	
Cash		8,800	Accounts Receivable		8,800

Comparison

Cash instead of Fees Earned should have been debited. Accounts Receivable instead of Cash should have been credited. The debit and credit amount of $8,800 is correct.

Correcting Journal Entries

Cash	8,800	
Fees Earned		8,800
Cash	8,800	
Accounts Receivable		8,800

Note: **The first entry reverses the incorrect entry, and the second entry is what should have been recorded initially. These two entries could have been combined into one entry; however, preparing two entries makes it easier for someone later to understand what happened and why the entries were necessary.**

b.

Journal Entry That Was Made in Error			Journal Entry That Should Have Been Made		
Supplies Expense	1,760		Supplies	1,760	
Accounts Payable		1,760	Cash		1,760

Comparison

Supplies instead of Supplies Expense should have been debited. Cash instead of Accounts Payable should have been credited. The debit and credit amount of $1,760 is correct.

Correcting Journal Entries

Accounts Payable	1,760	
Supplies Expense		1,760
Supplies	1,760	
Cash		1,760

Note: **The first entry reverses the incorrect entry, and the second entry is what should have been recorded initially. These two entries could have been combined into one entry; however, preparing two entries makes it easier for someone later to understand what happened and why the entries were necessary.**

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Ex. 2-23

a. 1. Revenue:
$2,642 million increase ($75,356 – $72,714)
3.6% increase ($2,642 ÷ $72,714)

2. Operating expenses:
$2,756 million increase ($71,246 – $68,490)
4.0% increase ($2,756 ÷ $68,490)

3. Operating income:
$114 million decrease ($4,110 – $4,224)
2.7% decrease (–$114 ÷ $4,224)

b. During the recent year, revenue increased by 3.6%, while operating expenses increased by 4.0%. As a result, operating income decreased by 2.7%, from the prior year.

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Ex. 2-24

a. 1. Revenue:
$12,551 million increase ($141,576 – $129,025)
9.7% increase ($12,551 ÷ $129,025)

2. Operating expenses:
$12,182 million increase ($137,096 – $124,914)
9.8% increase ($12,182 ÷ $124,914)

3. Operating income:
$369 million increase ($4,480 – $4,111)
9.0% increase ($369 ÷ $4,111)

b. During the recent year, revenue increased by 9.7%, while operating expenses increased by 9.8%. As a result, operating income increased by 9.0% from the prior year.

c. Because of the size differences between Target and Costco (Costco has more than 1.8 times the revenue), it is best to compare the two companies on the basis of percent changes from the prior year. Costco's revenues increased by 9.7%, while Target's revenue increased by 3.6%. The expenses of Costco increased by 9.8%, which is slightly more than the percentage increase in revenues. As a result, Costco's operating income increased by 9.0%. Target's expenses increased by 4.0%, which is less than the percentage increase in revenues. As a result, Target's operating income decreased by 2.7%. Overall, Costco had a better operating performance than Target.

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PROBLEMS

Prob. 2-1A

1. and 2.

Cash

(a)	36,000	(b)	2,400
(g)	12,200	(c)	7,800
		(e)	2,150
		(f)	4,000
		(h)	815
		(i)	4,500
		(j)	5,000
		(m)	6,450
		(n)	1,020
Bal.	14,065		

Accounts Receivable

(l)	18,300

Supplies

(e)	2,150

Prepaid Insurance

(f)	4,000

Automobiles

(c)	32,800

Equipment

(d)	9,000

Accounts Payable

(i)	4,500	(d)	9,000
		(k)	2,890
		Bal.	7,390

Notes Payable

(j)	5,000	(c)	25,000
		Bal.	20,000

Connie Young, Capital

		(a)	36,000

Professional Fees

		(g)	12,200
		(l)	18,300
		Bal.	30,500

Salary Expense

(m)	6,450

Blueprint Expense

(k)	2,890

Rent Expense

(b)	2,400

Automobile Expense

(n)	1,020

Miscellaneous Expense

(h)	815

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Prob. 2-1A (Concluded)

3.

Connie Young, Architect Unadjusted Trial Balance October 31, 20Y4		
	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	14,065	
Accounts Receivable	18,300	
Supplies	2,150	
Prepaid Insurance	4,000	
Automobiles	32,800	
Equipment	9,000	
Accounts Payable		7,390
Notes Payable		20,000
Connie Young, Capital		36,000
Professional Fees		30,500
Salary Expense	6,450	
Blueprint Expense	2,890	
Rent Expense	2,400	
Automobile Expense	1,020	
Miscellaneous Expense	815	
	93,890	93,890

4. Net income, $16,925 ($30,500 – $6,450 – $2,890 – $2,400 – $1,020 – $815)

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Prob. 2-2A

1.

(a)	Cash	53,000	
	Fahad Ali, Capital		53,000
(b)	Rent Expense	7,950	
	Cash		7,950
(c)	Supplies	4,240	
	Accounts Payable		4,240
(d)	Accounts Payable	2,320	
	Cash		2,320
(e)	Cash	24,180	
	Fees Earned		24,180
(f)	Automobile Expense	2,490	
	Miscellaneous Expense	560	
	Cash		3,050
(g)	Office Salaries Expense	6,630	
	Cash		6,630
(h)	Supplies Expense	1,860	
	Supplies		1,860
(i)	Fahad Ali, Drawing	2,600	
	Cash		2,600

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Prob. 2-2A (Continued)

2.

Cash			
(a)	53,000	(b)	7,950
(e)	24,180	(d)	2,320
		(f)	3,050
		(g)	6,630
		(i)	2,600
Bal.	54,630		

Fees Earned			
		(e)	24,180

Rent Expense			
(b)	7,950		

Supplies			
(c)	4,240	(h)	1,860
Bal.	2,380		

Office Salaries Expense			
(g)	6,630		

Accounts Payable			
(d)	2,320	(c)	4,240
		Bal.	1,920

Automobile Expense			
(f)	2,490		

Fahad Ali, Capital			
		(a)	53,000

Supplies Expense			
(h)	1,860		

Fahad Ali, Drawing			
(i)	2,600		

Miscellaneous Expense			
(f)	560		

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Prob. 2-2A (Concluded)

3.

Mountain Top Realty Unadjusted Trial Balance January 31, 20Y5		
	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	54,630	
Supplies	2,380	
Accounts Payable		1,920
Fahad Ali, Capital		53,000
Fahad Ali, Drawing	2,600	
Fees Earned		24,180
Rent Expense	7,950	
Office Salaries Expense	6,630	
Automobile Expense	2,490	
Supplies Expense	1,860	
Miscellaneous Expense	560	
	79,100	79,100

4. a. $24,180
b. $19,490 ($7,950 + $6,630 + $2,490 + $1,860 + $560)
c. $4,690 ($24,180 – $19,490)

5. There is a $2,090 increase in owner's equity for January, which is net income of $4,690 minus withdrawals of $2,600.

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Prob. 2-3A

1.

JOURNAL Page 1

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y6					
June	1	Cash	11	48,000	
		Hannah Ellis, Capital	31		48,000
	1	Rent Expense	53	6,510	
		Cash	11		6,510
	6	Equipment	16	19,340	
		Accounts Payable	22		19,340
	8	Van	18	39,100	
		Cash	11		6,200
		Notes Payable	21		32,900
	10	Supplies	13	3,260	
		Cash	11		3,260
	12	Cash	11	16,730	
		Fees Earned	41		16,730
	15	Prepaid Insurance	14	4,940	
		Cash	11		4,940
	23	Accounts Receivable	12	16,320	
		Fees Earned	41		16,320
	24	Van Expense	55	2,060	
		Accounts Payable	22		2,060

JOURNAL Page 2

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y6					
June	29	Utilities Expense	54	4,250	
		Cash	11		4,250
	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,300	
		Cash	11		1,300

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Prob. 2-3A (Continued)

	30	Cash	11	10,050	
		Accounts Receivable	12		10,050
	30	Wages Expense	51	6,950	
		Cash	11		6,950
	30	Accounts Payable	22	9,360	
		Cash	11		9,360
	30	Hannah Ellis, Drawing	32	2,200	
		Cash	11		2,200

2.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account: Cash **Account No.** 11

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance	
						Debit	Credit
20Y6							
June	1		1	48,000		48,000	
	1		1		6,510	41,490	
	8		1		6,200	35,290	
	10		1		3,260	32,030	
	12		1	16,730		48,760	
	15		1		4,940	43,820	
	29		2		4,250	39,570	
	29		2		1,300	38,270	
	30		2	10,050		48,320	
	30		2		6,950	41,370	
	30		2		9,360	32,010	
	30		2		2,200	29,810	

Account: Accounts Receivable **Account No.** 12

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance	
						Debit	Credit
20Y6							
June	23		1	16,320		16,320	
	30		2		10,050	6,270	

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Prob. 2-3A (Continued)

Account: Supplies **Account No.** 13

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	10		1	3,260		3,260	

Account: Prepaid Insurance **Account No.** 14

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	15		1	4,940		4,940	

Account: Equipment **Account No.** 16

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	6		1	19,340		19,340	

Account: Van **Account No.** 18

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	8		1	39,100		39,100	

Account: Notes Payable **Account No.** 21

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	8		1		32,900		32,900

Account: Accounts Payable **Account No.** 22

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	6		1		19,340		19,340
	24		1		2,060		21,400
	30		2	9,360			12,040

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Prob. 2-3A (Continued)

Account: Hannah Ellis, Capital **Account No.** 31

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	1		1		48,000		48,000

Account: Hannah Ellis, Drawing **Account No.** 32

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	30		2	2,200		2,200	

Account: Fees Earned **Account No.** 41

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	12		1		16,730		16,730
	23		1		16,320		33,050

Account: Wages Expense **Account No.** 51

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	30		2	6,950		6,950	

Account: Rent Expense **Account No.** 53

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	1		1	6,510		6,510	

Account: Utilities Expense **Account No.** 54

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	29		2	4,250		4,250	

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Prob. 2-3A (Continued)

Account: Van Expense **Account No.** 55

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	24		1	2,060		2,060	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense **Account No.** 59

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
June	29		2	1,300		1,300	

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Prob. 2-3A (Concluded)

3.

Whitworth Designs
Unadjusted Trial Balance
June 30, 20Y6

	Account No.	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	11	29,810	
Accounts Receivable	12	6,270	
Supplies	13	3,260	
Prepaid Insurance	14	4,940	
Equipment	16	19,340	
Van	18	39,100	
Notes Payable	21		32,900
Accounts Payable	22		12,040
Hannah Ellis, Capital	31		48,000
Hannah Ellis, Drawing	32	2,200	
Fees Earned	41		33,050
Wages Expense	51	6,950	
Rent Expense	53	6,510	
Utilities Expense	54	4,250	
Van Expense	55	2,060	
Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,300	
		125,990	125,990

4. $11,980 ($33,050 – $6,950 – $6,510 – $4,250 – $2,060 – $1,300)

5. Some supplies may have been used during June, but no supplies expense has been recorded.

As will be discussed in Chapter 3, adjustments are necessary at the end of the accounting period to bring the accounts up to date. For example, adjustments for supplies used, insurance expired, and depreciation would probably be required by Whitworth Designs.

Note to Instructors: **At this point, students have not been exposed to depreciation, but some insightful students might recognize the need for recording supplies used and insurance expired. You might use this as an opportunity to discuss what is coming in Chapter 3.**

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Accounting 28th edition Warren Solutions Manual

Prob. 2-4A

2. and 3.

JOURNAL Page 18

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y7					
Apr.	1	Rent Expense	52	6,500	
		Cash	11		6,500
	2	Office Supplies	14	2,300	
		Accounts Payable	21		2,300
	5	Prepaid Insurance	13	6,000	
		Cash	11		6,000
	10	Cash	11	52,300	
		Accounts Receivable	12		52,300
	15	Land	16	200,000	
		Cash	11		30,000
		Notes Payable	23		170,000
	17	Accounts Payable	21	6,450	
		Cash	11		6,450
	20	Accounts Payable	21	325	
		Office Supplies	14		325
	23	Advertising Expense	53	4,300	
		Cash	11		4,300

JOURNAL Page 19

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y7					
Apr.	27	Cash	11	2,500	
		Salary and Commission Expense	51		2,500
	28	Automobile Expense	54	1,500	
		Cash	11		1,500
	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,400	
		Cash	11		1,400

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Prob. 2-4A (Continued)

	30	Accounts Receivable	12	57,000	
		Fees Earned	41		57,000
	30	Salary and Commission Expense	51	11,900	
		Cash	11		11,900
	30	Lester Wagner, Drawing	32	4,000	
		Cash	11		4,000
	30	Cash	11	10,000	
		Unearned Rent	22		10,000

1. and 3.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account: Cash Account No. 11

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			26,300	
	1		18		6,500	19,800	
	5		18		6,000	13,800	
	10		18	52,300		66,100	
	15		18		30,000	36,100	
	17		18		6,450	29,650	
	23		18		4,300	25,350	
	27		19	2,500		27,850	
	28		19		1,500	26,350	
	29		19		1,400	24,950	
	30		19		11,900	13,050	
	30		19		4,000	9,050	
	30		19	10,000		19,050	

Account: Accounts Receivable Account No. 12

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			61,500	
	10		18		52,300	9,200	
	30		19	57,000		66,200	

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Prob. 2-4A (Continued)

Account: Prepaid Insurance Account No. 13

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			3,000	
	5		18	6,000		9,000	

Account: Office Supplies Account No. 14

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			1,800	
	2		18	2,300		4,100	
	20		18		325	3,775	

Account: Land Account No. 16

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	15		18	200,000		200,000	

Account: Accounts Payable Account No. 21

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				14,000
	2		18		2,300		16,300
	17		18	6,450			9,850
	20		18	325			9,525

Account: Unearned Rent Account No. 22

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	30		19		10,000		10,000

Account: Notes Payable Account No. 23

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	15		18		170,000		170,000

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Prob. 2-4A (Continued)

Account: Lester Wagner, Capital Account No. 31

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				46,000

Account: Lester Wagner, Drawing Account No. 32

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			2,000	
	30		19	4,000		6,000	

Account: Fees Earned Account No. 41

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				240,000
	30		19		57,000		297,000

Account: Salary and Commission Expense Account No. 51

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			148,200	
	27		19		2,500	145,700	
	30		19	11,900		157,600	

Account: Rent Expense Account No. 52

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			30,000	
	1		18	6,500		36,500	

Account: Advertising Expense Account No. 53

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			17,800	
	23		18	4,300		22,100	

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Prob. 2-4A (Continued)

Account: Automobile Expense Account No. 54

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			5,500	
	28		19	1,500		7,000	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense Account No. 59

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			3,900	
	29		19	1,400		5,300	

4.

Elite Realty
Unadjusted Trial Balance
April 30, 20Y7

	Account No.	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	11	19,050	
Accounts Receivable	12	66,200	
Prepaid Insurance	13	9,000	
Office Supplies	14	3,775	
Land	16	200,000	
Accounts Payable	21		9,525
Unearned Rent	22		10,000
Notes Payable	23		170,000
Lester Wagner, Capital	31		46,000
Lester Wagner, Drawing	32	6,000	
Fees Earned	41		297,000
Salary and Commission Expense	51	157,600	
Rent Expense	52	36,500	
Advertising Expense	53	22,100	
Automobile Expense	54	7,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	59	5,300	
		532,525	532,525

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Prob. 2-4A (Concluded)

5. (a) The unadjusted trial balance in (4) still balances because the debits equaled the credits in the original journal entry.

(b) The correcting entry for $7,200 ($19,100 – $11,900) would be as follows:

JOURNAL **Page 19**

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y7					
Apr.	30	Salary and Commission Expense	51	7,200	
		Cash	11		7,200

(c) Transposition

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Prob. 2-5A

1.

The Colby Group
Unadjusted Trial Balance
August 31, 20Y8

	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash*	22,400	
Accounts Receivable	48,000	
Supplies**	8,750	
Prepaid Insurance	4,300	
Equipment	196,000	
Notes Payable		117,600
Accounts Payable		30,800
Terry Colby, Capital		122,150
Terry Colby, Drawing	63,000	
Fees Earned		454,450
Wages Expense	270,000	
Rent Expense	58,100	
Advertising Expense	25,200	
Gas, Electricity, and Water Expense	24,150	
Miscellaneous Expense	5,100	
	725,000	725,000

* $17,300 + $6,000 (a) – $900 (b)
** $7,400 + $1,500 – $150

2. No. The trial balance indicates only that the debits and credits are equal. Any errors that have the same effect on debits and credits will not affect the balancing of the trial balance.

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Prob. 2-1B

1. and 2.

Cash

(a)	18,000	(b)	2,500
(g)	12,000	(c)	3,150
		(d)	1,450
		(f)	2,400
		(h)	1,800
		(i)	375
		(l)	2,800
		(m)	200
		(n)	300
		(o)	550
Bal.	14,475		

Accounts Receivable

(k)	15,650

Supplies

(d)	1,450

Prepaid Insurance

(f)	2,400

Automobiles

(b)	19,500

Equipment

(e)	6,500

Accounts Payable

(h)	1,800	(e)	6,500
		(j)	2,500
		Bal.	7,200

Notes Payable

(n)	300	(b)	17,000
		Bal.	16,700

Ken Jones, Capital

		(a)	18,000

Professional Fees

		(g)	12,000
		(k)	15,650
		Bal.	27,650

Rent Expense

(c)	3,150

Salary Expense

(l)	2,800

Blueprint Expense

(j)	2,500

Automobile Expense

(o)	550

Miscellaneous Expense

(i)	375
(m)	200
Bal.	575

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Prob. 2-1B (Concluded)

3.

Ken Jones, Architect Unadjusted Trial Balance April 30, 20Y4		
	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	14,475	
Accounts Receivable	15,650	
Supplies	1,450	
Prepaid Insurance	2,400	
Automobiles	19,500	
Equipment	6,500	
Accounts Payable		7,200
Notes Payable		16,700
Ken Jones, Capital		18,000
Professional Fees		27,650
Rent Expense	3,150	
Salary Expense	2,800	
Blueprint Expense	2,500	
Automobile Expense	550	
Miscellaneous Expense	575	
	69,550	69,550

4. Net income, $18,075 ($27,650 – $3,150 – $2,800 – $2,500 – $550 – $575)

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Prob. 2-2B

1.

(a)	Cash	17,500	
	Rafael Masey, Capital		17,500
(b)	Supplies	2,300	
	Accounts Payable		2,300
(c)	Cash	13,300	
	Fees Earned		13,300
(d)	Rent Expense	3,000	
	Cash		3,000
(e)	Accounts Payable	1,150	
	Cash		1,150
(f)	Rafael Masey, Drawing	1,800	
	Cash		1,800
(g)	Automobile Expense	1,500	
	Miscellaneous Expense	400	
	Cash		1,900
(h)	Office Salaries Expense	2,800	
	Cash		2,800
(i)	Supplies Expense	1,050	
	Supplies		1,050

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Prob. 2-2B (Continued)

2.

Cash

(a)	17,500	(d)	3,000
(c)	13,300	(e)	1,150
		(f)	1,800
		(g)	1,900
		(h)	2,800
Bal.	20,150		

Fees Earned

		(c)	13,300

Rent Expense

(d)	3,000		

Supplies

(b)	2,300	(i)	1,050
Bal.	1,250		

Office Salaries Expense

(h)	2,800		

Accounts Payable

(e)	1,150	(b)	2,300
		Bal.	1,150

Automobile Expense

(g)	1,500		

Rafael Masey, Capital

		(a)	17,500

Supplies Expense

(i)	1,050		

Rafael Masey, Drawing

(f)	1,800		

Miscellaneous Expense

(g)	400		

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Prob. 2-2B (Concluded)

3.

Planet Realty Unadjusted Trial Balance August 31, 20Y5		
	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	20,150	
Supplies	1,250	
Accounts Payable		1,150
Rafael Masey, Capital		17,500
Rafael Masey, Drawing	1,800	
Fees Earned		13,300
Rent Expense	3,000	
Office Salaries Expense	2,800	
Automobile Expense	1,500	
Supplies Expense	1,050	
Miscellaneous Expense	400	
	31,950	31,950

4. a. $13,300
b. $8,750 ($3,000 + $2,800 + $1,500 + $1,050 + $400)
c. $4,550 ($13,300 – $8,750)

5. There is a $2,750 increase in owner's equity for August, which is net income of $4,550 minus withdrawals of $1,800.

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Prob. 2-3B

1.

JOURNAL Page 1

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y6					
Oct.	1	Cash	11	18,000	
		Jay Pryor, Capital	31		18,000
	4	Rent Expense	53	3,000	
		Cash	11		3,000
	10	Truck	18	23,750	
		Cash	11		3,750
		Notes Payable	21		20,000
	13	Equipment	16	10,500	
		Accounts Payable	22		10,500
	14	Supplies	13	2,100	
		Cash	11		2,100
	15	Prepaid Insurance	14	3,600	
		Cash	11		3,600
	15	Cash	11	8,950	
		Fees Earned	41		8,950

JOURNAL Page 2

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y6					
Oct.	21	Accounts Payable	22	2,000	
		Cash	11		2,000
	24	Accounts Receivable	12	14,150	
		Fees Earned	41		14,150
	26	Truck Expense	55	700	
		Accounts Payable	22		700
	27	Utilities Expense	54	2,240	
		Cash	11		2,240

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Prob. 2-3B (Continued)

	27	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,100	
		Cash	11		1,100
	29	Cash	11	7,600	
		Accounts Receivable	12		7,600
	30	Wages Expense	51	4,800	
		Cash	11		4,800
	31	Jay Pryor, Drawing	32	3,500	
		Cash	11		3,500

2.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account: Cash **Account No.** 11

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance	
						Debit	Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	1		1	18,000		18,000	
	4		1		3,000	15,000	
	10		1		3,750	11,250	
	14		1		2,100	9,150	
	15		1		3,600	5,550	
	15		1	8,950		14,500	
	21		2		2,000	12,500	
	27		2		2,240	10,260	
	27		2		1,100	9,160	
	29		2	7,600		16,760	
	30		2		4,800	11,960	
	31		2		3,500	8,460	

Account: Accounts Receivable **Account No.** 12

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance	
						Debit	Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	24		2	14,150		14,150	
	29		2		7,600	6,550	

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Prob. 2-3B (Continued)

Account: Supplies **Account No. 13**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	14		1	2,100		2,100	

Account: Prepaid Insurance **Account No. 14**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	15		1	3,600		3,600	

Account: Equipment **Account No. 16**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	13		1	10,500		10,500	

Account: Truck **Account No. 18**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	10		1	23,750		23,750	

Account: Notes Payable **Account No. 21**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	10		1		20,000		20,000

Account: Accounts Payable **Account No. 22**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	13		1		10,500		10,500
	21		2	2,000			8,500
	26		2		700		9,200

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Prob. 2-3B (Continued)

Account: Jay Pryor, Capital **Account No.** 31

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	1		1		18,000		18,000

Account: Jay Pryor, Drawing **Account No.** 32

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	31		2	3,500		3,500	

Account: Fees Earned **Account No.** 41

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	15		1		8,950		8,950
	24		2		14,150		23,100

Account: Wages Expense **Account No.** 51

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	30		2	4,800		4,800	

Account: Rent Expense **Account No.** 53

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	4		1	3,000		3,000	

Account: Utilities Expense **Account No.** 54

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	27		2	2,240		2,240	

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Prob. 2-3B (Continued)

Account: Truck Expense **Account No.** 55

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance	
						Debit	Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	26		2	700		700	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense **Account No.** 59

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance	
						Debit	Credit
20Y6							
Oct.	27		2	1,100		1,100	

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Prob. 2-3B (Concluded)

3.

Pioneer Designs
Unadjusted Trial Balance
October 31, 20Y6

	Account No.	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	11	8,460	
Accounts Receivable	12	6,550	
Supplies	13	2,100	
Prepaid Insurance	14	3,600	
Equipment	16	10,500	
Truck	18	23,750	
Notes Payable	21		20,000
Accounts Payable	22		9,200
Jay Pryor, Capital	31		18,000
Jay Pryor, Drawing	32	3,500	
Fees Earned	41		23,100
Wages Expense	51	4,800	
Rent Expense	53	3,000	
Utilities Expense	54	2,240	
Truck Expense	55	700	
Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,100	
		70,300	70,300

4. **$11,260 ($23,100 – $4,800 – $3,000 – $2,240 – $700 – $1,100)**

5. **Some supplies may have been used during October, but no supplies expense has been recorded.**

As will be discussed in Chapter 3, adjustments are necessary at the end of the accounting period to bring the accounts up to date. For example, adjustments for supplies used, insurance expired, and depreciation would probably be required by Pioneer Designs.

Note to Instructors: **At this point, students have not been exposed to depreciation, but some insightful students might recognize the need for recording supplies used and insurance expired. You might use this as an opportunity to discuss what is coming in Chapter 3.**

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Prob. 2-4B

2. and 3.

JOURNAL Page 18

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y7					
Aug.	1	Office Supplies	14	3,150	
		Accounts Payable	21		3,150
	2	Rent Expense	52	7,200	
		Cash	11		7,200
	3	Cash	11	83,900	
		Accounts Receivable	12		83,900
	5	Prepaid Insurance	13	12,000	
		Cash	11		12,000
	9	Accounts Payable	21	400	
		Office Supplies	14		400
	17	Advertising Expense	53	8,000	
		Cash	11		8,000
	23	Accounts Payable	21	13,750	
		Cash	11		13,750

JOURNAL Page 19

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y7					
Aug.	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,700	
		Cash	11		1,700
	30	Automobile Expense	54	2,500	
		Cash	11		2,500
	31	Cash	11	2,000	
		Salary and Commission Expense	51		2,000
	31	Salary and Commission Expense	51	53,000	
		Cash	11		53,000

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Prob. 2-4B (Continued)

	31	Accounts Receivable	12	183,500	
		Fees Earned	41		183,500
	31	Land	16	75,000	
		Cash	11		7,500
		Notes Payable	23		67,500
	31	Cindy Getman, Drawing	32	1,000	
		Cash	11		1,000
	31	Cash	11	5,000	
		Unearned Rent	22		5,000

1. and 3.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account: Cash Account No. 11

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			52,500	
	2		18		7,200	45,300	
	3		18	83,900		129,200	
	5		18		12,000	117,200	
	17		18		8,000	109,200	
	23		18		13,750	95,450	
	29		19		1,700	93,750	
	30		19		2,500	91,250	
	31		19	2,000		93,250	
	31		19		53,000	40,250	
	31		19		7,500	32,750	
	31		19		1,000	31,750	
	31		19	5,000		36,750	

Account: Accounts Receivable Account No. 12

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			100,100	
	3		18		83,900	16,200	
	31		19	183,500		199,700	

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Prob. 2-4B (Continued)

Account: Prepaid Insurance **Account No.** 13

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			12,600	
	5		18	12,000		24,600	

Account: Office Supplies **Account No.** 14

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			2,800	
	1		18	3,150		5,950	
	9		18		400	5,550	

Account: Land **Account No.** 16

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	31		19	75,000		75,000	

Account: Accounts Payable **Account No.** 21

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓				21,000
	1		18		3,150		24,150
	9		18	400			23,750
	23		18	13,750			10,000

Account: Unearned Rent **Account No.** 22

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	31		19		5,000		5,000

Account: Notes Payable **Account No.** 23

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	31		19		67,500		67,500

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Prob. 2-4B (Continued)

Account: Cindy Getman, Capital Account No. 31

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓				87,500

Account: Cindy Getman, Drawing Account No. 32

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			44,800	
	31		19	1,000		45,800	

Account: Fees Earned Account No. 41

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓				591,500
	31		19		183,500		775,000

Account: Salary and Commission Expense Account No. 51

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			385,000	
	31		19		2,000	383,000	
	31		19	53,000		436,000	

Account: Rent Expense Account No. 52

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			49,000	
	2		18	7,200		56,200	

Account: Advertising Expense Account No. 53

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			32,200	
	17		18	8,000		40,200	

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Prob. 2-4B (Continued)

Account: Automobile Expense Account No. 54

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			15,750	
	30		19	2,500		18,250	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense Account No. 59

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y7							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			5,250	
	29		19	1,700		6,950	

4.

Valley Realty
Unadjusted Trial Balance
August 31, 20Y7

	Account No.	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	11	36,750	
Accounts Receivable	12	199,700	
Prepaid Insurance	13	24,600	
Office Supplies	14	5,550	
Land	16	75,000	
Accounts Payable	21		10,000
Unearned Rent	22		5,000
Notes Payable	23		67,500
Cindy Getman, Capital	31		87,500
Cindy Getman, Drawing	32	45,800	
Fees Earned	41		775,000
Salary and Commission Expense	51	436,000	
Rent Expense	52	56,200	
Advertising Expense	53	40,200	
Automobile Expense	54	18,250	
Miscellaneous Expense	59	6,950	
		945,000	945,000

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Prob. 2-4B (Concluded)

5. (a) The unadjusted trial balance in (4) still balances because the debits equaled the credits in the original journal entry.

(b) The correcting entry for $9,000 ($10,000 – $1,000) would be as follows:

JOURNAL **Page 19**

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y7					
Aug.	31	Cindy Getman, Drawing	32	9,000	
		Cash	11		9,000

(c) Slide

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Prob. 2-5B

1.

Tech Support Services
Unadjusted Trial Balance
January 31, 20Y8

	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash*	20,250	
Accounts Receivable	56,400	
Supplies	6,750	
Prepaid Insurance	9,600	
Equipment	162,000	
Notes Payable		54,000
Accounts Payable		16,650
Thad Engelberg, Capital		107,850
Thad Engelberg, Drawing	39,000	
Fees Earned		534,000
Wages Expense	306,000	
Rent Expense	62,550	
Advertising Expense	28,350	
Gas, Electricity, and Water Expense	17,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	4,600	
	712,500	712,500

* $25,550 – $8,000 (a) + $2,700 (b)

2. No. The trial balance indicates only that the debits and credits are equal. Any errors that have the same effect on debits and credits will not affect the balancing of the trial balance.

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CONTINUING PROBLEM

2. and 3.

JOURNAL Page 1

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y9					
July	1	Cash	11	5,000	
		Peyton Smith, Capital	31		5,000
	1	Office Rent Expense	51	1,750	
		Cash	11		1,750
	1	Prepaid Insurance	15	2,700	
		Cash	11		2,700
	2	Cash	11	1,000	
		Accounts Receivable	12		1,000
	3	Cash	11	7,200	
		Unearned Revenue	23		7,200
	3	Accounts Payable	21	250	
		Cash	11		250
	4	Miscellaneous Expense	59	900	
		Cash	11		900
	5	Office Equipment	17	7,500	
		Accounts Payable	21		7,500
	8	Advertising Expense	55	200	
		Cash	11		200
	11	Cash	11	1,000	
		Fees Earned	41		1,000
	13	Equipment Rent Expense	52	700	
		Cash	11		700
	14	Wages Expense	50	1,200	
		Cash	11		1,200

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Continuing Problem (Continued)

2. and 3.

JOURNAL Page 2

Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
20Y9					
July	16	Cash	11	2,000	
		Fees Earned	41		2,000
	18	Supplies	14	850	
		Accounts Payable	21		850
	21	Music Expense	54	620	
		Cash	11		620
	22	Advertising Expense	55	800	
		Cash	11		800
	23	Cash	11	750	
		Accounts Receivable	12	1,750	
		Fees Earned	41		2,500
	27	Utilities Expense	53	915	
		Cash	11		915
	28	Wages Expense	50	1,200	
		Cash	11		1,200
	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	540	
		Cash	11		540
	30	Cash	11	500	
		Accounts Receivable	12	1,000	
		Fees Earned	41		1,500
	31	Cash	11	3,000	
		Fees Earned	41		3,000
	31	Music Expense	54	1,400	
		Cash	11		1,400
	31	Peyton Smith, Drawing	32	1,250	
		Cash	11		1,250

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Continuing Problem (Continued)

1. and 3.

Account: Cash **Account No.** 11

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			3,920	
	1		1	5,000		8,920	
	1		1		1,750	7,170	
	1		1		2,700	4,470	
	2		1	1,000		5,470	
	3		1	7,200		12,670	
	3		1		250	12,420	
	4		1		900	11,520	
	8		1		200	11,320	
	11		1	1,000		12,320	
	13		1		700	11,620	
	14		1		1,200	10,420	
	16		2	2,000		12,420	
	21		2		620	11,800	
	22		2		800	11,000	
	23		2	750		11,750	
	27		2		915	10,835	
	28		2		1,200	9,635	
	29		2		540	9,095	
	30		2	500		9,595	
	31		2	3,000		12,595	
	31		2		1,400	11,195	
	31		2		1,250	9,945	

Account: Accounts Receivable **Account No.** 12

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			1,000	
	2		1		1,000	—	—
	23		2	1,750		1,750	
	30		2	1,000		2,750	

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Continuing Problem (Continued)

Account: Supplies Account No. 14

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			170	
	18		2	850		1,020	

Account: Prepaid Insurance Account No. 15

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1		1	2,700		2,700	

Account: Office Equipment Account No. 17

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	5		1	7,500		7,500	

Account: Accounts Payable Account No. 21

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓				250
	3		1	250		—	—
	5		1		7,500		7,500
	18		2		850		8,350

Account: Unearned Revenue Account No. 23

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	3		1		7,200		7,200

Account: Peyton Smith, Capital Account No. 31

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓				4,000
	1		1		5,000		9,000

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Continuing Problem (Continued)

Account: Peyton Smith, Drawing Account No. 32

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			500	
	31		2	1,250		1,750	

Account: Fees Earned Account No. 41

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓				6,200
	11		1		1,000		7,200
	16		2		2,000		9,200
	23		2		2,500		11,700
	30		2		1,500		13,200
	31		2		3,000		16,200

Account: Wages Expense Account No. 50

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			400	
	14		1	1,200		1,600	
	28		2	1,200		2,800	

Account: Office Rent Expense Account No. 51

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			800	
	1		1	1,750		2,550	

Account: Equipment Rent Expense Account No. 52

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			675	
	13		1	700		1,375	

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Continuing Problem (Continued)

Account: Utilities Expense **Account No. 53**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			300	
	27		2	915		1,215	

Account: Music Expense **Account No. 54**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			1,590	
	21		2	620		2,210	
	31		2	1,400		3,610	

Account: Advertising Expense **Account No. 55**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			500	
	8		1	200		700	
	22		2	800		1,500	

Account: Supplies Expense **Account No. 56**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			180	

Account: Miscellaneous Expense **Account No. 59**

Date		Item	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance Debit	Balance Credit
20Y9							
July	1	Balance	✓			415	
	4		1	900		1,315	
	29		2	540		1,855	

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Continuing Problem (Concluded)

4.

PS Music
Unadjusted Trial Balance
July 31, 20Y9

	Account No.	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	11	9,945	
Accounts Receivable	12	2,750	
Supplies	14	1,020	
Prepaid Insurance	15	2,700	
Office Equipment	17	7,500	
Accounts Payable	21		8,350
Unearned Revenue	23		7,200
Peyton Smith, Capital	31		9,000
Peyton Smith, Drawing	32	1,750	
Fees Earned	41		16,200
Wages Expense	50	2,800	
Office Rent Expense	51	2,550	
Equipment Rent Expense	52	1,375	
Utilities Expense	53	1,215	
Music Expense	54	3,610	
Advertising Expense	55	1,500	
Supplies Expense	56	180	
Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,855	
		40,750	40,750

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CASES & PROJECTS

CP 2-1

1. **No. For financial accounting information to be useful, it must accurately reflect an entity's business transactions and economic activity. For this to happen, each account must reflect the increases or decreases that result from each transaction. If the trial balance does not balance, it means that a transaction has not been accurately recorded in the accounts. By knowingly submitting a trial balance that does not accurately reflect the transactions in the accounts, Buddy is demonstrating a failure of individual character and is acting unethically.**
2. **The users of the financial information who rely on this information will be affected, as the information will not be a faithful representation of the entity's economic activity.**
3. **Buddy should have discussed the issue with his supervisor and asked for more time to find the error.**

CP 2-2

A sample solution based on Nike Inc.'s Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2018, follows:

1. **$22,536 million**
2. **$12,724 million ($6,040 + $3,468 + $3,216)**
3. **$9,812 million ($22,536 million on total assets – $12,724 million total liabilities)**
4. **3**
5. **2**
6. **The income statement reports a summary of revenues and expenses for a specific period of time, such as a month or a year. The balance sheet reports a list of assets, liabilities, and stockholders' equity as of a specific date, usually at the close of the last day of a month or a year.**

CP 2-3

1. **The rules of debit and credit must be memorized. Dot is correct in that the rules of debit and credit could be reversed as long as everyone accepted and abided by the rules. However, the important point is that everyone accepts the rules as the way in which transactions should be recorded. This generates uniformity across the accounting profession and reduces errors and confusion. Because the current rules of debit and credit have been used for centuries, Dot should adapt to the current rules of debit and credit, rather than devise her own.**

   The primary reason that all accounts do not have the same rules for increases and decreases is for control of the recording process. The double-entry accounting system, which includes (1) the rules of debit and credit and (2) the accounting equation, guarantees that (1) debits always equal credits and (2) assets always equal liabilities plus owner's equity. If all increases in the account were recorded by debits, then the control that debits always equal credits would be removed. In addition, the control that the normal balance of

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CP 2-3 (Concluded)

assets is a debit would also be removed. The accounting equation would still hold, but the control over recording transactions would be weakened.

Dot is correct that we could call the left and right sides of an account different terms, such as "LE" and "RE." Again, centuries of tradition dictate the current terminology used. One might note, however, that in Latin, *debere* (debit) means "left" and *credere* (credit) means "right."

2. **The accounting system may be designed to capture information about the buying habits of various customers or vendors, such as the quantity normally ordered, average amount ordered, and number of returns. Thus, in a sense, there can be other "sides" of (information about) a transaction that are recorded by the accounting system. Such information would be viewed as supplemental to the basic double-entry accounting system.**

CP 2-4

Note to Instructors: **The purpose of this activity is to familiarize students with the job opportunities available in accounting and allow them to demonstrate their ability to communicate the role of accounting in the context of a specific position that requires knowledge of accounting. An example of an advertisement for such a position is shown below. Individual student answers will vary depending on the specific scenario they select.**

ABOUT THE COMPANY

Our client is looking to add a Financial Analyst. With a large and growing finance team, there is significant opportunity for growth and advancement within the department. The company boasts a team-oriented culture and provides its employees with the tools and training necessary to perform. Our client is looking to bring on more of a junior-level candidate who wants to gain experience in his or her field of study. There will be hands-on training for the role that will evolve from a data analyst into a financial analyst and will be reporting to the director of finance. Our client is in the consumer goods industry and is an international company that has multiple opportunities for growth.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE FINANCIAL ANALYST

The Financial Analyst will:

- **Conduct special studies to analyze complex financial actions and prepare recommendations for policy, procedure, control, or action.**
- **Analyze financial information to determine present and future financial performance.**
- **Evaluate complex profit plans, operating records, and financial statements.**
- **Direct preparation of studies, reports, analyses, and recommendations in areas such as budgets, forecasts, financial plans, statistical reports, and business forecasts.**
- **Coordinate with all levels of management to gather, analyze, summarize, and prepare recommendations regarding financial plans, trended future requirements, and operating forecasts.**

Source: CareerBuilder.com

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CP 2-5

The following general journal entry should be used to record the receipt of tuition payments received in advance of classes:

Cash	**XXX**	
Unearned Tuition Deposits		**XXX**

Cash is an asset account, and Unearned Tuition Deposits is a liability account. As the classes are taught throughout the term, the unearned tuition deposits become earned revenue. The entry to record the earned portion of tuition will be:

Unearned Tuition Deposits	**XXX**	
Earned Tuition Deposits		**XXX**

CP 2-6

The journal is called the book of original entry. It provides a time-ordered history of the transactions that have occurred for the firm. This time-ordered history is very important because it allows one to trace ledger account balances back to the original transactions that created those balances. This is called an "audit trail." If the firm recorded transactions by posting to ledgers directly, it would be nearly impossible to reconstruct actual transactions. The debits and credits would all be separated and accumulated into the ledger balances. Once the transactions become part of the ledger balances, the original transactions would be lost. That is, there would be no audit trail, and any errors that might occur in recording transactions would be almost impossible to trace. Thus, firms first record transaction debits and credits in a journal. These transactions are then posted to the ledger to update the account balances. The journal and ledger are linked using posting references. This allows an analyst to trace the transaction flow forward or backward, depending on the need.

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CP 2-7

a. Although the titles and numbers of accounts may differ, depending on how expenses are classified, the following accounts would be adequate for recording transaction data for Eagle Caddy Service:

Balance Sheet Accounts		Income Statement Accounts	
1. Assets		**4. Revenue**	
11	Cash	41	Fees Earned
12	Accounts Receivable		
13	Supplies	**5. Expenses**	
		51	Rent Expense
2. Liabilities		52	Supplies Expense
21	Accounts Payable	53	Wages Expense
		54	Utilities Expense
3. Owner's Equity		55	Miscellaneous Expense
31	Cory Neece, Capital		
32	Cory Neece, Drawing		

b.

Eagle Caddy Service Income Statement For the Month Ended June 30, 20Y9		
Fees earned		$11,400
Expenses:		
Rent expense	$3,500	
Supplies expense	1,925	
Wages expense	850	
Utilities expense	340	
Miscellaneous expense	395	
Total expenses		7,010
Net income		$ 4,390

Note to Instructors: **Students may have prepared slightly different income statements, depending upon the titles of the major expense classifications chosen. Regardless of the classification of expenses, however, the total sales, total expenses, and net income should be as presented above.**

T accounts are not required for the preparation of the income statement of Eagle Caddy Service. The following presentation illustrates one solution using T accounts. Alternative solutions are possible if students used different accounts. In presenting the following T account solution, instructors may wish to emphasize the advantages of using T accounts (or a journal and four-column accounts) when a large number of transactions must be recorded.

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CP 2-7 (Continued)

Cash 11

20Y9			20Y9		
June	1	2,000	June	1	500
	15	5,400		2	750
	30	4,200		3	600
	30	1,500		17	1,000
				20	2,400
				28	395
				30	340
				30	850
Bal.		6,265			

Accounts Receivable 12

20Y9			20Y9		
June	25	1,800	June	30	1,500
Bal.		300			

Supplies 13

20Y9			20Y9		
June	2	750	June	30	1,925
	7	1,000			
	22	850			
Bal.		675			

Accounts Payable 21

20Y9			20Y9		
June	17	1,000	June	3	2,400
	20	2,400		7	1,000
				22	850
			Bal.		850

Cory Neece, Capital 31

			20Y9		
			June	1	2,000

Fees Earned 41

			20Y9		
			June	15	5,400
				25	1,800
				30	4,200
			Bal.		11,400

Rent Expense 51

20Y9		
June	1	500
	3	3,000
Bal.		3,500

Supplies Expense 52

20Y9		
June	30	1,925

Wages Expense 53

20Y9		
June	30	850

Utilities Expense 54

20Y9		
June	30	340

Miscellaneous Expense 55

20Y9		
June	28	395

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CP 2-7 (Concluded)

c. $6,265, computed in the following manner:

Cash receipts:		
Initial investment	**$2,000**	
Cash sales ($5,400 + $4,200)	**9,600**	
Collections on accounts	**1,500**	
Total cash receipts during June		**$13,100**
Cash disbursements:		
Rent expense ($500 + $3,000)	**$3,500**	
Supplies purchased for cash	**750**	
Wages expense	**850**	
Payment for supplies on account	**1,000**	
Utilities expense	**340**	
Miscellaneous expense	**395**	
Total cash disbursements during June		**6,835**
Cash on hand according to records*		**$ 6,265**

*** If the student used T accounts in completing part (b), or this part, this amount ($6,265) should agree with the balance of the cash account.**

d. The difference of $90 ($6,265 – $6,175) between the cash on hand according to records ($6,265) and the cash on hand according to the count ($6,175) could be due to many factors, including errors in the record keeping and withdrawals made by Cory.

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